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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—March 14.

Sun Rises	6.15 A M
Sun Sets	6.06 P M
Day's Length	11 h 40 m
High Water at Southport	4.31 A M
High Water at Wilmington	6.04 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 14.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 62°: 8 p. m., 48°; maximum, 62°; minimum, 48°; mean, 55°.

Rainfall for the day, .07; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .56.

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C., March 13.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 29.7 feet, and still raining.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Generally cloudy, with showers and local thunder storms; easterly winds; slightly warmer in interior.

OUTLINES.

Secretary Sherman is quoted as saying in an interview that he will continue the Olney policy with regard to Spain and Cuba, and that he is opposed to all annexation, thinking the United States big enough already. —— Negotiations have been completed which will enable the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company to add 200 miles to its system. —— A feeling of dissatisfaction exists at Athens because the Government failed to make better provisions for meeting the present crisis. —— It is believed that if the Powers enforce coercion a collision between the Greeks and Turks is inevitable. —— Jos. W. Bailey, of Texas, was nominated for Speaker by the Democratic members of the House of Representatives. —— Strained relations are said to exist between Great Britain and the Transvaal Republic; it is believed that the English are seeking the earliest opportunity for making one more attemt pto crush the Republic. —— The large loans and deposits reported by New York banks indicate a decided revival in business. —— The Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company was refused license to transact business in New York because it did not have the required capital. —— An engaged couple committed suicide at Fort Wayne, Ind. —— Four men were fatally injured in a wreck on the Southern Railway, near Rome, Ga. —— Spain is compelled to withdraw from 25,000 to 30,000 troops from Cuba to keep the Carlists at home in check; the inhabitants of Guanabacoa are rejoicing over the departure of the notorious Fondivela; the people are fleeing from Bejucal on account of the horrible murders being committed there by Spanish soldiers. —— New York markets: Money on call 1½@2 per cent.; cotton steady—middling 7½c. Southern flour steady and unchanged—common to fair extra $3 20 @3 50, good to choice $3 60@4 00; wheat—spot market dull and firmer with options, No. 2 red free on board 83½c; corn—spot dull and firm, No. 2 29½c at elevator and 29⅝c afloat; rosin quiet—strained common to good $1 65@1 70; spirits turpentine steady and unchanged at 29½@30c.

The peach crop of Delaware hasn't got up to make any remarks yet, but the peach crop of Georgia announces that it is safe.

There is only one Chinese pauper in this country and he is in New York. But it takes a good deal to make a Chinaman a pauper.

A Greensboro liniment compounder advertises that "the apostles used it." We will not believe it unless he produces certificates.

The Cretan racket has drawn Agathordorous Papageargopaulus from retirement in New York. He is going to give Greece the weight of his name.

The winner in the coming bout at Carson will rake in $33,500, with sundry incidentals. That's more than the average editor can earn in two years.

Mayor Pingree, of Detroit, who is also Governor of Michigan, is vindicated, for twelve cities have adopted his "vacant lot" farming and pronounce it a success.

A Washington dispatch says that Mr. McKinley is going to keep on good terms with Hon. Tom Reed by giving Tom his say so about the patronage for his town.

It is reported that the Brazilian disease beri-beri has appeared in Cuba. We don't know what beriberi is, but it has a beri bad reputation, almost as bad as General Weyler.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 146. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MARCH 14, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,137

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A man has been arrested in Maryland because he persisted in leading the life of a hermit, and flocking all to himself. The Marylanders insist or people being sociable and dividing their grievances and disappointments with their fellows, and that's why they want to break up this fellow's sequestered ranch.

Senator Heitfeld, of Idaho, attributes his success in becoming a U. S. Senator to the fact that he never resorted to duplicity, which, he says, the American people despise, and thus secured the confidence of enough men in the Legislature to elect him.

The report is that Murat Halstead will succeed Gen. Lee as Consul General at Havana. It may be incidentally remarked that Mr. Halstead hasn't a very high opinion of Gen. Weyler, and thinks the Cubans will finally make a scoop of independence.

A Washington dispatch says Ki Gudger wants to go as Minister to Brazil. Let him go. We can spare him. No Democrat in this State will object to his going to Brazil or to Terre del Fuega, and keep going.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. T. MILLS—Notice.
NOTICE—Of city election.
CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
S. W. SANDERS—This week.
A. D. BROWN—New arrivals.
MASONIC—Concord Chapter.
MERCER & EVANS—New lines.
GEO. O. GAYLORD—Pretty hats.
D. L. GORE—Fox River butter.
A. PREMPERT—Expert barbers.
MEETING—Dem. Co. Ex. Com.
HALL & PEARSALL—Potatoes.
OPERA HOUSE—Projectoscope.
SOL. BEAR—Wines and liquors.
A. J. HOWELL—Assignee's sale.
MEETING—Carolina Yacht Club.
MARTHA F. MAUNDER—Notice.
REV. C. L. HOFFMANN—Europe.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Heaters.
W. B. COOPER—Butter and cheese.
TAYLOR'S BAZAAR—Nuts to crack.
NOTICE—Wilmington Stamp Works.
ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK—Notice.
EXCELSIOR SHOE STORE—New styles.
S. P. COWAN & CO.—Livery stables.
WORTH & WORTH—Seasonable goods
J. A. MONTGOMERY—Buggies, harness
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Lowest prices.
WIL. SAVINGS & TRUST CO.—Road to fortune—fourth page.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Male help
N. PAUL—Candy, fruit.
WANTED—Reliable man.
DR. CHILDS—Eyesight is priceless.
PROF. J. FRANCISCO—String band.
P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. H. Lee, of Wilson, was on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. C. C. Morse, of Southport, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. W. Hanes, a commercial traveller registering from N. C., was here yesterday.

— Mr. D. H. Harnly, of Chadbourn, editor of the *Truckers' and Farmers' Journal*, was registered here yesterday.

— Miss Lucy McIntyre and Mr. Jno. G. McIntyre passed through the city yesterday on their way to New York from the McIntyre Lodge, near Verona.

— The Personal Paragrapher was incorrect in stating in yesterday's paper that Mr. Haynes Hinson was postmaster at Vineland. Mr. Hinson holds that position at LeRoy, and Mr. J. T. Best, another one of the STAR's acquaintances, is the efficient postmaster at Vineland.

MORE INCENDIARISM.

Attempt to Burn Mr. Duncan McEachern's Residence, on Seventh Street, Between Dock and Orange.

Fire broke out this morning about 1.45 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Duncan McEachern, on Seventh street, between Orange and Dock. In response to an alarm from box No. 53, Eight and Market streets, the Fire Department was soon on the scene and succeeded in suppressing the flames, which were situated in the northeastern corner of the house. The damage is estimated at about $100, fully covered by insurance. Fortunately the fire was discovered by Mrs. B. F. Penny, who resides next door, before it could get very much headway. The fire was of incendiary origin.

Risby Hunter, colored, while returning home from work, about twenty minutes before the fire broke out, saw a short, thick set man jump over the fence between Mr. Penny's residence and Mr. McEachern's, and go back into the yard, but thinking nothing of it he went home.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other new advertisements see fourth page.

— Mr. Daniel Glisson is now assisting Mr. W. McEvans, the collector for the STAR.

— The annual meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club will be held in the City Hall at 8.15 o'clock to-morrow night.

— Register of Deeds Norwood issued marriage licenses to four white and three colored couples the past week.

— A full attendance of the members of the First Baptist church at morning service to-day is requested by the pastor.

— Mr. N. Paul has something to say in to-day's issue about candy, fruit, etc. Also, that his ice cream parlors are now open.

— Prof. John Francisco, manager of the Wilmington String Band, announces that he is prepared to furnish music for all occasions.

— Cards with numbers and locations of all the fire-alarm boxes in the city may be had free of charge at the STAR office. These cards are of convenient size, being small enough to be carried in the vest pocket or pocketbook.

— See notice in advertising columns of the sale of the store, No. 8 South Second street. It is an excellent stand. The sale will be made at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Monday) by Mr. A. H. Morris, auctioneer, from the new Court House door.

— Dr. Childs, an optician of forty years' experience, is located at 517 Princess street. He has been travelling in this State for the past year and comes here highly recommended. Those needing the services of an optician will do well to consult Dr. Childs. See his ad in to-day's STAR.

OPERA HOUSE.

Edison's "Projectoscope" To-Morrow Night.

The following, regarding the exhibition to be given at the Opera House Monday night, will be read with interest by those who enjoy witnessing a good entertainment:

BRISTOL, TENN., Feb. 16th, 1897.

GENTLEMEN: The exhibition given by the Edison Projectoscope Company at the Opera House last evening was one of the best entertainments I have ever witnessed. The pictures are all well chosen, and natural as life itself. "The Mounted Police of New York City on Dress Parade" or "The Black Diamond Express" are each worth the price of admission.

The entertainment throughout is not only instructive and entertaining, but highly amusing as well, and shows what has been accomplished under the powers of invention. It is indeed wonderful and no one will ever regret seeing "The Projectoscope." The selection given by "The Projectoscope" are of the highest order, and "America" by Gilmore's Band will more than pay one for attending. I can cheerfully recommend the entertainment to both old and young.

Very truly, L. S. LONDON,
Sup't Bristol City Schools.

Seats on sale at Gerken's at popular prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

FORMER WILMINGTONIAN HONORED.

Mr. Archibald C. Worth Elected Mayor of a New Jersey Town.

Mr. Archibald Carter Worth, eldest son of our venerable friend, B. G. Worth, Esq., has been elected Mayor of the borough of Cresskill, Bergen county, New Jersey. Those who remember "Archie Worth" will recall that early in 1866 he removed from this State to New York, where he engaged in business in New York city, residing for several years past at Cresskill, N. J., where he has a most comfortable home. We learn that this is one of the few instances where the office sought the man, as Mr. Worth was elected Mayor much against his will and would not consent to serve if any promises had to be made as to patronage and appointments. It is very gratifying to the many friends of "Archie" to know he has been so highly honored, and we congratulate the people of Cresskill in having so worthy a Mayor.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—4 bales cotton, 14 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—46 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 26 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—10 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 57 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—13 bales cotton, 7 cask spirits turpentine, 66 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar.

Schooner Samuel—9 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 37 bbls rosin, 44 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 75 bales; spirits turpentine, 15 casks; rosin, 331 bbls; tar, 143 bbls.

Approaching Marriage of Miss Eliza A. Weill.

Rev. S. Mendelsohn, D. D., left last night for Philadelphia, Pa., for the purpose of uniting in marriage Miss Eliza A. Weill, daughter of Mr. A. Weill, of this city, and Mr. David Waxelbaum, of Macon, Ga. The ceremony will be performed at the residence of Miss Weill's sister, Mrs. Nathan Mayer, No. 1335 Montgomery avenue.

Lend a Helping Hand.

All will bear testimony that there are none more faithful and strong in Christianity than the sailor who embraces the love of God, and Christians who are not otherwise engaged on Sunday afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock, are requested to attend the services at the Seamen's Bethel and lend a helping hand to the members of the Seamen's Friend Society.

— Mr. John G. Marshall, of the STAR, left for Richmond, Va., on a business trip yesterday.

City Markets.

Vegetables were in better supply than any other articles of country produce yesterday. Cabbage, collards, green onions, kale, lettuce, spinach and celery were on sale in large quantities. Shad continue low and command a wider sale than any other variety of fish. The best New River oysters were higher than at our last report, bringing $1.00 per gallon. Eggs were steady at 10 and 12 cents per dozen.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 50 to 75c per pair; live, 40 to 60c per pair; turkeys, dressed, 10 to 15c per pound.

Fish—Mullets, 10c per bunch; shad, 30 and 60c per pair; trout, 20c per bunch.

Meats—Pork, 10c per pound; sausage, 10c; steak, loin, 13½c; round, 10c; chuck, 7c; stew, 5 and 6c.

Vegetables—Lettuce, 3 to 5c per head; spinach, 25c per peck; cabbage, 5c per head; collards, 3 to 5c per head; rutabagas, 2½ to 5c per bunch; kale, 50c per bushel; radishes, 3 to 5c per bunch; celery, 25c per bunch, green onions, 5c per bunch; sweet potatoes, 15 to 20c per peck; Irish potatoes, 25c per peck.

Oysters—Best New River, $1 per gallon; Stump Sound, 60 to 80c; Myrtle Grove, 50c; Sound oysters, 40c. Oysters in shell, 50c per bushel.

Jurors for the Superior Court.

The County Commissioners met in special session yesterday for the purpose of drawing jurors for the next term of the Superior Court, which meets on the 12th of next month. The following is a list of those drawn:

First week—W. G. Whitehead, J. B. Dempsey, G. J. Boney, Eben Piner, J. S. Smith, B. F. Mitchell, W. P. Toomer, F. E. Hashagen, C. F. Williams, W. W. Young, W. McR. Smith, Louis Weil, J. W. Capps, Jno. A. Watters, G. H. Haar, T. J. Ramsey, Frank B. Brown, C. Fredrick, John Casteen, Geo. L. Smith, J. W. LaMott, J. A. Atkinson, McG. Green and Eman Gartis.

Second week—W. W. Hines, M. M. Parker, W. R. Lindstrom, W. R. Green, J. W. Hankins, W. H. Norwood, Asa W. Riggs, Walter A. Taylor, S. G. Craig, B. F. Brittain, James N. McCumber, H. S. Penton, Wm. Piner, Geo. S. Lewis, C. L. Porter, W. N. Cronly, Geo. T. Shepard, E. W. Cooper, Robt. Robbins, John W. Hewett, Ed. Murrin, Geo. Irving, Henderson Sessions, Geo. N. Harriss.

Fires Yesterday.

An alarm of fire was sent in yesterday morning about 11 o'clock from box No. 18, Seventh and Harnett streets, to which the Fire Department responded, promptly. The fire was located in a one story frame house on Fourth street between Nixon and Swann, occupied by Mr. W. O. Willoughby and family, and owned by Mr. J. F. Gooding. The smoke from the burning house was so dense that the Fire Department found difficulty in fighting the fire, but finally succeeded in suppressing the flames. The damage amounted to about $100.

At 12.40 o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm sounded from box No. 25, Front and Mulberry streets, the wooden stable in the rear of the vacant lot owned by Mr. D. L. Gore being discovered on fire. The department was soon on the scene and quickly had it under control. The stable was evidently set on fire, and it is said that just before the fire was discovered two colored boys were seen to leave the building.

Detected in An Attempt to Steal.

Late yesterday afternoon a colored man entered the store of Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., and, after looking around, started out. As he walked towards the door Mr. F. T. Risbly, a clerk in the store, noticed a corset protruding from under a mackintosh which the man had on. He was immediately stopped, and the corset turned out to be the property of Messrs. Rehder & Co. The police were sent for, and the man, who gave his name as Wm. Macks, arrested. He was placed in the guard house, but was afterwards removed to jail, where he now awaits a trial to-morrow.

Committed to Jail.

John Dobson, alias Captain Darby, colored, who, it is alleged, snatched a handbag containing a gold watch and several other articles from Mrs. R. A. Watts, of Goldsboro, while she was seated in a train at the A. C. L. depot in this city, was arraigned for trial in Justice Bunting's court yesterday. Justice Bunting finding probable cause placed him under a $300 bond for his appearance at the Criminal Court, which he failed to give and was committed to jail. Bruce Williams, Esq., of Burgaw, represented the State.

Arrested for Forgery.

Police Officers James McDonald and R. W. Murray yesterday afternoon arrested a white man by the name of William Geffney on a warrant charging him with forgery. It is charged that Geffney forged several orders on different butchers in the market for meat. Geffney came to the city last October with Spark's Circus. He states that he was drunk Thursday, the day it is alleged the offense was committed, and does not remember anything that happened.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Important.

The merchants, their clerks and the public generally are earnestly requested to get the number of their residences before leaving home Monday morning, so as to enable our canvassers to get the correct numbers for the new City Directory of Wilmington.

J. L. HILL PT'G CO., Publishers.

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

PREPARATIONS MADE FOR ENTERTAINMENT OF DELEGATES.

The Church Building Being Put in Best Shape Possible—Seaboard Air Line Will Run Three "Baptist Specials."

The Baptists of the city are working vigorously to get ready for the great Convention which meets here in May. The great part of the work naturally is in the way of getting the church edifice in the very best shape possible. The money for that purpose has all been raised or pledged, and a force of carpenters, masons and painters, under the direction of Mr. C. D. Morrill, contractor, has been at work for several weeks.

THE ANNEX.

This part of the church building has never been completed, the upper story, which is the largest and most commodious, being until the present almost entirely unfinished, or not in use at any rate. When the Convention meets here it will have in this room one of the very best and most spacious of halls for committee meetings, special services, or for any other purpose. It is eighty-two feet long by thirty-five wide. The ceiling is painted white and the walls are rough finished. The hall is amply lighted by several large windows. Two doors have been cut by which entrance to it can be gained from the galleries. Besides the special use to which this hall will be put during the Convention, it will be very convenient for lectures, festivals and other entertainments.

In the first story of the annex the repairs consist mainly in the painting of the wainscoating, ceiling and other wood work.

THE MAIN AUDIENCE ROOM.

The needed improvements in the main wing of the church are a new carpet and the painting of the walls. The first of these improvements has been taken in hand by the ladies of the church, and they report considerable progress. The order for the carpet was placed several days since.

The walls of the main audience room, now smoked to a dingy hue, will be painted white, thus neutralizing the rather gloomy effect lent by the dark coloring of the ceiling.

ENTERTAINMENT OF DELEGATES.

To provide homes for six hundred delegates will be no slight undertaking, but realizing the magnitude of the undertaking, the committee on entertainment has begun in time, and is making a thorough canvass of Baptist homes and placing in each as many delegates as can possibly be entertained there. There are eleven hundred delegates in all, but only six hundred of them will be entertained by the Baptists.

TRANSPORTATION OF DELEGATES AND VISISORS.

The Seaboard Air Line will have in its regular advertising space in Tuesday's STAR a display notice of its routes to the Convention. It has also issued a handsome four-page circular describing the routes with greater fulness and naming parties from whom further information may be obtained. The Seaboard proposes to run three through trains to be known as "Baptist Specials," one from Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., to Wilmington via Weldon (where Northern delgates via all rail will be joined), Raleigh and Hamlet; one from Atlanta via Athens and Hamlet to Wilmington; one from Rutherfordton via Charlotte and Hamlet to Wilmington. The rate will be one fare for the round trip. The schedules of these trains have not been made up as yet, but they will be run to suit the convenience of the delegates.

On the first page of the circular is a cut of Fort Fisher in 1865, while on the fourth page appears a splendid cut of the First Baptist Church. The circular recites the following in description of Wilmington's reputation for hospitality and of the numerous points of historical interests in and around the city:

The points of interest in the vicinity are Moore's Creek battle ground of Revolutionary fame, situated a few miles up the river; Fort Fisher, the scene of two of the most memorable conflicts of the late civil war, and the fall of which, by putting a stop to the blockade running, by means of which the Confederate troops were being supplied, precipitated the final surrender. Fort Caswell, at the mouth of the river—one of the most formidable fortresses of the time prior to the ironclad and battleship era; Fort Johnson, at Southport, commanding the river in both directions, and Fort Anderson, where a battle was fought with the Federal troops on their way up the river. Forts Caswell and Johnson are now being equipped with modern guns and put in fighting trim in preparation for possible hostilities. Wilmington has wide and beautifully shaded streets, a handsome park overlooking the river, first class electric car service, and has had a reputation for many years of the most generous hospitality. About twelve miles from town the steamer connects with trains for Carolina Beach, one of the best seaside resorts on the North Carolina coast. The Sea Coast Railroad, ten miles long, takes passengers to Ocean View, crossing the sound (two miles wide) and running down the beach within a stone's throw of the ocean for a mile. The beach is covered with handsome cottages, and is said to be the finest on the coast in its natural advantages.

Tramps Routed.

Mr. Charles N. Lindquist, engineer at the power house of the Wilmington Gas Works Company, discovered four tramps asleep in the wood shed adjoining the engine room Friday night. Remembering the frequency of incendiary fires of late and knowing that the shed floor was covered with shavings and other inflammable material, Mr. Lindquist thought that it would not be safe to allow the tramps to remain, so he ordered them to leave. They showed fight, and an encounter followed, in which Mr. Lindquist put the four to rout, receiving no injury himself except a blow on the cheek.

On and after to-day we will have ice cream, and any cream bought of us not giving entire satisfaction money will be refunded. Very respectfully, the Palace Bakery.

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

The Fight Next Wednesday the Chief Topic On the Streets and Other Places—Record of the Two Men—Betting in Chicago, St. Louis and Boston.

Next to politics, interest seems to center on the battle next Wednesday, St. Patrick's Day, between the fistic gladiators James J. Corbett and Robert Fitzsimmons. It is the chief topic on the streets and in various other places. Both men, without doubt, far out-class all fighters in the pugilistic ring, and therefore the one who wins this contest will probably hold the championship for the world for many years to come. They are both great fighters, as their record will attest. Corbett's past battles have averaged about ten rounds each, showing that he is a more deliberate fighter than Fitzsimmons, whose battles, of which he has had many, have only averaged about five rounds, which shows that he loses no time in putting his opponent to sleep. Corbett's greatest battle, which also showed great endurance, was a draw wish Peter Jackson at San Francisco, May 21, 1891, sixty-one rounds. His next great achievement, and the one which gained for him distinction, was the defeating of poor old John L. in twenty-one rounds at New Orleans, September 7, 1892. Corbett is certainly a shifty fighter and uses both his arms and legs in an exceedingly clever manner. He is the most scientific of the two. In age, height and weight Corbett has the advantage over "Lanky Bob."

If experience is anything of a teacher, the man from Australia has been better taught than the one from California. Fitzsimmons is a fighter who has fought many battles and succeeded in knocking out many pugilist of note, among whom are Jack Dempsey, Bill Slavin, Jim Hall and Peter Maher. His defeat of Jack Dempsey, who was considered the most scientific man in the ring, in thirteen rounds, thereby gaining the middleweight championship of America, shows that he is not entirely without science, and the ease with which he knocked out in one round, February 21, 1876, Peter Maher, about the hardest puncher in the ring, illustrates his hitting capacity. In reach the Cornishman has the advantage of Corbett by 2½ inches.

Fitzsimmons was born in Cornwall, England, March, 1863. Corbett was born in San Francisco, September 1, 1866.

In regard to the betting we clip the following from the New York *Journal* of Friday morning:

CHICAGO, March 11.—At Chapin & Gore's Harry Hughes bet George Ballard $100 to $150 on Fitzsimmons. At Powers & O'Brien's Senator Coolman bet $500 to $400 with Ed Fleming on Corbett.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—Betting on the big fight is slow here. Three days ago a few bets were placed at 7 to 5 on Corbett, but now 6 to 5 has no takers. At the "Brooklyn" pool room an offer of $1,200 to $1,000 on Corbett has stood on the blackboard for four days without acceptance. Fitzsimmons stock is improving, and it is believed even money will be the figures here on the 17th.

BOSTON, March 11.—Very little Corbett money can be found here to-day, as the Fitzsimmons men wait to bet at 8 to 10. At these odds Gus Meyers placed $400 against $500. Jimmy Colville, a strong Corbett man, also placed about $300 on Corbett at 8 to 10. Several Corbett men switched to Fitzsimmons to-day. They give no reason.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, corner Fourth and Orange streets. Morning service at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Services this week daily except Wednesday, at 9 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. On Wednesday at 9 a. m. and joint service at 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's church to-day, second Sunday in Lent, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 a. m., and 5.30 p. m. Sunday school at 4 p. m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 8 p. m., conducted by Rev. Dr. Carmichael. All seafaring and river men are cordially invited to attend.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor. Second Sunday in Lent: German service at 11 a. m; English service at 7.30 p. m.; Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. All seats free.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, there will be no service in St. Matthew's English Lutheran church this day. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Central Baptist church—Following ministers will fill the pulpit to-day: At 10.30 a. m., Rev. S. F. Shriver; at 8 p. m., Rev. Ragland; at 8 o'clock, Rev. Council.

St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg, pastor. Preaching to-day at 10.30 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor; 3 p. m., Rev. G. G McGee. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6.30 p. m. A cordial invitation to everybody to worship with us!

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Fresh arrival of those Honey Velvet Nugitines. Come before they are all gone. At Palace Bakery.

IN MEMORIAM.

At a meeting of the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, held on the first day of March, 1897, the undersigned committee were appointed to draft resolutions on the death of our Brother Fireman N. H. Quince, who departed this life on the 26th day of February, 1897.

WHEREAS, The Great Creator having been pleased out of His mercy to remove our late comrade, N. H. Quince, from the cares and troubles of an earthly existence to a state of eternal duration; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of our late comrade the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 has lost a valuable member, whose interest was ever active for the good of the company. One who was always zealous in the discharge of duty, whether serving in the ranks or filling the honored position of President.

Resolved, That we deplore his untimely end and recognize in him one whose character was unblemished, whose motives were invariably in the direction of right, whose sympathies went out to those in distress. A brave and conscientious fireman has "fallen on sleep."

Resolved, That in extending our sympathies to his bereaved family, we mourn with them over their loss of a loving husband, a kind father and a true friend.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent the family of our deceased comrade, published in the daily papers of this city, and that a suitable record be entered upon the minute book of the company.

H. B. FISCHER,
E. J. WOODWARD,
S. M. VICK,
Committee.

Ladies' Pretty New Hats

In new shapes and flats. Baby Caps, a very nice, stylish line, and very cheap. Violets all grades. Silk Roses and Buds. Pretty Veiling and Fine Laces. A handsome new line of Novelty Ribbon in Taffeta and Lace effects, Sateen and Gros Grain. All Spring goods and something entirely new from last season.

Velvet is the style that sells best now, and we have a full assortment. A nice bunch, with two dozen Violets and three nice Leaves at 5c a bunch. Long-stemmed very pretty goods, for 10c a bunch; better at 15c. Large, Double-Velvet Violets, three dozen in a bunch, at 25c a bunch; very large, all silk, best goods, at 50c a bunch. A lovely line of Roses, Poopies and Trimmings of all kinds.

In Baby Caps we have the nicest line we have ever had before. Beautiful Caps, nicely made, in silk, at 35, 50, 75c and $1.00. Summer weight Lawn and Mull Caps, very pretty, nicely embroidered, at 20 and 25c; better at 40 and 50c; very nice from 65c to $1.00 each.

Duck Caps for Boys and Girls, nice quality at 25c each; Sailors, all the new Spring styles, 25, 35, 50, 75c, $1.00, 1.25 each. Ladies' new shaped Hats, all early Spring colors and new styles, in the new effects, from 25c to $3.00 each, not trimmed.

Our stock of pretty Ribbons are up to date, and if you need something that is neat and very pretty look in our Ribbon cases. All prices, from 5c to 65c a yard. You can get suited.

In fine White and Cream Laces and Chiffon we can please you. Beautiful, all silk, White and Black Chiffon, 54 inches, at 75c per yard. Beautiful Silk Veiling from 10 to 45c per yard. Silk Laces for trimming; from 5 to 45c. Valenciennes Laces, narrow, very pretty, at 5c; better at 8, 10 and 15c per yard.

We are up to date in Millinery, and we want your trade.

Shoes are one thing that claim your attention. In my line I have the best selection of pretty new Shoes that I have ever had before. I cannot describe the styles. They represent all the new goods. Very pretty Ladies' Shoes at 68c; better, all solid, honest Dongola, with patent tip, at 85c a pair; better and very pretty, all styles toes, for $1.00; the best of Shoes for Ladies for $1.25 and $1.50 a pair. Men's and Boys' Shoes very low in price. We cannot tell the number of styles, but ask your inspection.

We are at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,
mar 14 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

VISIT
EXCELSIOR SHOE STORE,
4TH CAMPBELL STREETS.
New Styles. Popular Prices.
mar 14 tf

STATEMENT ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business March 9th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$560,312 57		Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	2 95		Surplus	50,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	50,000 00		Undivided profits	15,153 04—65,153 04
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00		Circulation	45,000 00
Due from other Banks	150,975 21		Total Deposits	659,270 34
Cash on hand	73,432 45—224,407 76			
Total	$844,723 28		Total	$844,723 28

DIRECTORS:—J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer, D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers, Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, Jr P. L. Bridgers, G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.
mar 14 tf

Mercer & Evans
CONTINUE TO ADD NEW LINES.

We continue also to ask the general public to carefully inspect our stock and prices before buying elsewhere. LOOK IN OUR WINDOW in passing. Kees Protectors for the little Boys are selling fast at 25 cents.
Great bargains in RUBBERS. Come and see.

MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess Street.
Successors to H. C. Evans.
mar 14 tf

Butter and Cheese.

25 10-lb. pails G. E. Butter.
25 Favorite Cheese.
2 Bbls. Evaporated Apples.
15 Bbls. Apples.
5 Bags C. C. Nuts.
40 Bags Spring Oats.
90 Bags Feed Oats.

W. B. COOPER.
mar 14 tf Daw Wilmington, N. C.

Assignee's Sale
—OF—
Boots, Shoes, &c.

BEGINNING MONDAY, MARCH 15TH, 1897 I will sell the stock of

Boots, Shoes, Tobacco and Cigars

contained in the store northeast corner of Market and Front streets, at greatly reduced prices. Parties wishing good foot wear can secure bargains.
Terms of sale cash.
A. J. HOWELL, Assignee of Henry Burkhimer.
mar 14 tf

NOTICE.

Still they come. Besides a good lot of Mules already on hand, a fresh car load of Horses and Mules just arrived to-day. The good kind, the kind that everybody wants. And when you want bargains, and to get the worth of your money, come down to the Horse Exchange, No. 112 and 114 Water street where you will find me and the best and cheapest Horses and Mules in the city.

F. T. MILLS.
mar 13 3t

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Carolina Yacht Club will be held at the City Hall Monday, March 15th, at 8.15 p. m.
By order of Commodore,
J. VAN B. METTS, Purser.
mar 14 1t

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock, March 15. W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.
mar 14 1t

Notice of Election.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election will be held on THURSDAY, MARCH 25th, at the various polling places for the purpose of electing Aldermen from each of the five wards of the city. Voting precincts will be as follows:

Upper Division First Ward—At Wm. McEvans' office on Fourth street, between Bladen and Harnett.

Lower Division First Ward—Phœnix Engine House.

Second Ward—At old Court House.

Third Ward—Giblem Lodge.

Fourth Ward—At office near corner Front and Orange.

Fifth Ward—Cape Fear Engine House, on Sixth and Castle streets.

The following have been appointed as Registrars and Inspectors of Election:

FIRST WARD, UPPER DIVISION.
Registrar—W. McEvans.
Inspectors of Election—Mike Carroll, W. J. Beach, R. F. Holmes, S. Shiver.

FIRST WARD, LOWER DIVISION.
Registrar—Isaiah West.
Inspectors of Election—J. D. Orrell, F. T. Skipper, O. D. Telfair, George Dry.

SECOND WARD.
Registrar—B. T. French.
Inspectors of Election—C. E. Wood, R. K. Bryan, Jr., Washington McNeill, Chas. R. Mallett.

THIRD WARD.
Registrar—Stephen A. Craig.
Inspectors of Election—John R. Turrentine, Harry Hill, Julius Murray, Joseph Anderson.

FOURTH WARD.
Registrar—Wm. H. Lane.
Inspectors of Election—W. P. Oldham, W. F. Ketchum, Wm. Johnson, John McRae.

FIFTH WARD.
Registrar—Gaston Hill.
Inspectors of Election—Martin Daniel, Frank Swann, Wm. H. Dudley, Sr., Andrew J. Allen.
mar 13 3t

OPERA HOUSE.
MONDAY, MARCH 15TH,
and entire week
EDISON'S PROJECTOSCOPE,
Producing Life Size Animated Pictures.
The Wizard's Latest Invention.

Producing 40 Pictures per second.
Popular prices—10c, 20c and 30 cents. Reserve seats on sale at Gerken's Saturday morning.
mar 13 3t

Fox River Butter.

40 Tubs large and small of Fox River Butter.
5 Barrels Turnips.
5 Tons Mapes' celebrated Truck Manures.
And piles of all other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE.
mar 13 tf 120, 122 & 124 North Water street.

Europe.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO join a select, limited party of ladies and gentlemen for travel through Europe in the coming summer. The tour embraces Scotland, England, France, Switzerland, Italy, Germany (the Rhine),

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1897

NOT THE GOLD STANDARD.

The fact that Japan is one of the nations which has made marvellous progress with silver practically as the only money in use, and the further fact that the gold standard advocates in this country are making much ado over the alleged change from a silver to a gold standard, makes the action of that country interesting to us. It seems that the report as to the establishment of the gold standard was without foundation, as we learn from the New York *Journal*, which thus describes the relation and the ratio between gold and silver in Japan :

"The report that Japan had abandoned the coinage of silver and adopted the gold standard turns out to have been untrue. According to official information from Tokio the only foundation for the story was the fact that on March 2 a bill providing for the change was introduced into the lower house of the Japanese Diet. This, the Japanese Minister to Washington explains 'no more foreshadows its passage by the Diet than would be the case in the American Congress.' And it is understood in the Japanese Legation that the proposed legislation will find strong opposition, and grave doubts are expressed as to the possible success of the measure."

"Since 1871, up to which time the ratio between silver and gold in Japan had been 11.02 to 1, the ratio has been about 16 to 1. The unit of value is the yen of 100 sen. The gold yen contains 1.667 grammes of metal 900-1,000 fine; the silver yen, 416 grains, or 26.9568 grammes. There have been coined 69,412,000 gold yen and 134,710,000 silver yen. The unit of value proposed by the bill now before the Diet is one-half the present gold yen, or 0.833 gramme. In other words, the existing gold yen are to circulate at twice their present value. There will be no other change if the bill becomes a law. The information that the bill provides that free coinage of silver shall cease October 1, 1897, is rather puzzling, in view of the fact that for some time past silver coinage has been suspended, except on Government account.

"Until more complete information has been obtained the arguments advanced in favor of this bill in Japan can hardly be even guessed at. Since the early seventies, when American and European prosperity began to decline because of the demonetization of silver, Japan's growth in prosperity under bimetallism has been one of the wonders of the world. In 1885 Japan exported $511,990 worth of textiles. In 1895 the value of such exports was $23,177,626. In the same time the exports of raw silks increased from $14,478,396 to $50,928,440; of grain and provisions, from $4,514,843 to $12,738,771; of matches, from $60,565 to $4,672,861; of porcelain, curios and sundries, from $3,786,876 to $11,624,701; while Japan's commerce for 1895 increased by $30,000,000 over 1894, reaching a total of exports and imports of $296,000,000, or about $7.80 per capita. It therefore does not seem likely that arguments in favor of the gold standard in Japan are based upon the condition of the country.

"What other sources can arguments in favor of it be drawn from? Perhaps the answer may be found in the fact that the number of banks in Japan has lately been increasing very rapidly. There are now nearly 800 banks, with a total capital of 93,946,848 yen and total loans of 143,710,167 yen; the total stock of money in the country being 306,600,000 yen. It would obviously be to the interest of the banks and their stockholders to contract the currency, and it looks as if they might have power enough by this time to do it. Similar influences were strong enough to effect a similar purpose here and in Europe in 1873."

In 1893 the Japanese Parliament appointed a commission of fifteen members to investigate and report on the following three questions:

"1. The cause and effects of the recent changes of ratio between gold and silver.

"2. The effects of the change upon Japan.

"3. Whether such change necessitates the reform of our present currency system, and, if so, to determine what new standard of currency shall be adopted, and how it shall be done."

This committee began its investigation in October, 1893, and closed in March, 1895. They agreed on the first two, but there was some difference among them on the third. They made a report, from which the following is an extract, as we find it quoted in the Indianapolis *Sentinel:*

"Article 1—Profits to Creditors—the effects of the change of ratio between gold and silver countries are just the opposite to those upon silver countries. The price of commodities having fallen, gold has more purchasing power than before. According to the investigations made in gold countries the prices of commodities have fallen from 100 in 1873 to 70 in 1894, so that the purchasing power of money has increased 42.9 per cent., which is the direct profit to creditors.

"Art. 2—Fall in Prices of Commodities Imported from Silver Countries—The prices of commodities in silver countries are rising when there are fluctuations in the ratio between gold and silver. But as the prices do not rise so much as the difference of the two metals, they are still to some extent low as against gold. In other words, gold countries can obtain articles cheaper from silver countries.

"Art. 5—Loss to Debtors and Tax-Payers—This is necessarily the case when they have to pay their debts with money, the purchasing power of which has increased after the debt was incurred.

"Art. 6—Depression of Commerce and Industry—It is quite natural that commerce and industry should not flourish when prices of commodities decline and debtors and tax-payers are in distress. When prices decline, day by day merchants hesitate to purchase and manufacturers to make, and then the general depression follows. This is true in England, where commerce and industry do not prosper, and cotton and other industrial businesses have been retarded. It is also the case in the United States, where a panic occurred in 1893. Six hundred and forty banks closed during the year, large numbers of factories closed, and trade in general was suspended. In Germany, also, the same depression was felt and a silver commission was appointed to investigate this matter.

"Art. 7—Decline of Rate of Interest—When prices decline and commerce and industry are depressed, the apprehension of failures prevents capitalists from investing money in new enterprises. Besides, as capital invested in silver quarters will be withdrawn and more money will be employed, the demand will increase, and at last the rate of interest will fall.

"Art. 10—Distress of Farmers—The income of farmers decreases and the prices of land fall, together with the fall in prices of agricultural products. This distress is moreover enlarged by the heavier burden upon the tax-payers.

"Art. 10—Distress to Employes—This is naturally the case with the employers who have to pay wages and salaries to the employes with money the purchasing power of which has increased. As especially wages do not only fall with the prices of commodities, but generally take the contrary course, employers have to restrict their business. Any attempt on their part to decrease wages will be met with strikes or some other form of opposition.

"Art. 11—Decrease in Demand of Labor—This is naturally the case with the depression of agriculture, industry and commerce. Many also go out of employment and criminals increase accordingly.

"Art. 18—Increase of Imports from Silver Countries—As gold countries can buy goods cheaper from silver countries, their consumption of products of the latter countries increase and the balance of trade with these countries generally goes against the former. This is to be seen in the trade returns of England, the United States, Germany, France, etc. The capital invested in silver countries from gold countries may to some extent account for this feature, but there is no doubt that the cheap importation from silver countries is one of the causes."

There is nothing in all this to indicate a disposition to adopt the gold standard instead of the silver standard which prevailed. The change of ratio from 16 to 32 does not mean that Japan will put twice as much silver in the silver yen as she had been putting, but that she reduces by one-half the amount of gold in her gold yen, so it is the gold and not the silver coin that is changed. It means more than this, for it means that the foreigner who pays in silver for goods bought will have to fork over twice as much silver as before, in other words, while she reduces the weight of her gold coins she doubles the value of her silver coins. As she still remains on a silver basis, though recognizing bimetallism the change in ratio will not affect prices or affct the business situation between Japanese, Doubling the value of gold by the change of ratio will have a tendency to lock gold up and put silver on a firmer footing.

It would be very remarkable indeed that a nation which has made such marvellous progress as Japan has on a silver basis should deliberately do anything to discredit the money which gave her such decided advantage over gold standard nations.

MINOR MENTION.

Washington dispatches state that at a meeting of the Cabinet Friday the Cuban question was discussed, and it was resolved to pursue a course of strict neutrality and to substantially follow the precedent set by the preceding administration. It now remains to be seen what construction will be put upon "neutrality." We did not expect that Mr. McKinley would show any leaning towards Cuba, and as far as the utterances of members of his Cabinet who had spoken on that question before they were installed are concerned, there was nothing in these to indicate any disposition to encourage the struggles for freedom, with the lone exception of some utterances by Secretary Sherman, when he was Senator, and these didn't amount to much. As a Government it is of course expected that neutrality be observed, but the administration of Mr. Cleveland's carried its interpretation of neutrality so far as to give the Spaniards every advantage, and to practically make this Government an ally of Spain. It employed detectives, policed the seas, seized, turned loose and seized again suspected vessels, on the mere suspicions of the Spanish Minister at Washington, made rulings and reversed rulings apparently to meet emergencies. It not only enforced the law, but strained the law to appear neutral. This administration may show some interest in Americans who may be arrested by the Spanish authorities, but the probabilities are that with the change of policy by the Spaniards as to the treatment of Americans there will be less occasion to show a "vigorous policy" than there was during the past administration.

* * *

In the matter of the North Carolina railroad lease the gentlemen who are taking care of the Southern, on the one side, and Governor Russell on the other, seem to be playing a game of wits. The former led off by the injunction by a Federal Judge and the Governor follows by bouncing the old State directors and appointing a new batch. We are not lawyer enough to speak positively on the effect of this action by the Governor; but if he has the power to make the removals and appointments we do not see how this action can affect the proceedings in the Federal Court, if the Federal Court has jurisdiction in the case at all, for the removals were made after the injunction was granted, which was against the directors (and all others), not as individuals but as directors, and it seems to us would hold good against any director whether he was a director at the time the injunction was granted or not. But in these days of conflicting laws, conflicting interpretations, conflicting courts and conflicting decisions, it isn't easy for the lawyer, much less the man who is not a lawyer, to tell what is law or what isn't, or what laws are going to hold when the lawyers and courts have got through with them. But there is enough equity in this case for the State of North Carolina to fight it in impartial courts without resort to any short turns or cunning devices.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Washington *Messenger*: One Keel, who killed a man by the name of Crandall at Whichard last Christmas, was apprehended near Hobgood yesterday and taken to Greenville.

— Red Springs *Citizen* : Neill McNeill (Squire) died at his home near this place Wednesday afternoon from an attack of pnuemonia. He was about 80 years of age, and had been a prominent citizen of our county, representing his county several times in the Legislature.

— Charlotte *Observer* : A paper on which was printed a note of thanks to Governor Russell for not appointing Henry judge was being circulated yesterday and was signed by every one to whom presented. It will be forwarded to his excellency Monday.

— Concord *Standard:* We noted Thursday the capture of 250 gallons of whiskey near South Bend, Rowan county, on the day before. From the *World* we learn that on Wednesday revenue officers raiding on the borders of Davie, Davidson and Rowan destroyed three distilleries and captured eight barrels of whiskey. The revenue officers seem to have something to do up there and are doing it.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Dr. J. Thomas Wright has gotten up a good invention in the shape of a buggy tap and a model is being made now to be sent to the Patent Office at Washington. The tap saves the use of washers on the axle which now have to be placed there when the wheel runs loose. It has a thumb-screw attachment by the use of which the wheel can be be made to run loose or tight. Dr. Wright has tried the new invention on his buggy and it gives entire satisfaction.

— Wilson *Times* : We regret to announce the death of Mr. G. H. Parker, who departed this life Monday night, March 8th. Mr. Parker had been ill about two weeks with congestion of the brain. ——A negro named Mac Dowell who was employed by Jones & Batts, across the railroad, shot and seriously wounded another negro by the name of Dennis Brooks, last Saturday morning. Mac Dowell went to the house of Jennie Strickland, near Woodard's warehouse and called Brooks out and asked him if he wanted that woman. Brooks replied that he did not, but that he could get her if he wated her. Then they clinched, when Mac Dowell pulled his pistol and shot Brooks, the ball entering just beneath the eye—glanced and lodged behind the ear. Brooks immediately went to Herring's drug store and then to his home where Dr. Herring attended him. Mac Dowell was arrested and lodged in jail. Brooks may recover.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The old West Virginia home of ex-Postmaster General Wilson gave a Republican majority of 500 last November, but on Monday it faced about and elected the entire Democratic ticket. Mr. Wilson is probably glad he moved.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Granny Hoar wants new rules for the Senate. And yet Granny Hoar is the man who consumed several hours some years ago in telling the Senate that he was once in a position to place his thumb on his nose and wiggle his fingers at cloud-capped Mong Blong. —*Atlanta Constitution.*

—— Mr. W. J. Bryan writes in a recent letter: "Legislators who secretly favor trusts will not legislate against them ; executive officers who secretly favors trusts will not enforce laws against them. Judges who secretly favor trusts will not interpret laws to their disadvantage." These remarks will probably be very deeply impressed on the American mind during the next four years.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— Colonel Vassos and the Greek troops under his command in Crete are said to have been reduced to a diet of biscuits and oranges. Here is a chance for the Powers to extend the same human kindness toward famishing Christians that they have just extended to the starving Mussulmans who have been rescued from besieged Kandamos by the forces of Europe. It seems, however, that the sympathies of European officialdom are reserved exclusively for Turks.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

—"Did you know an old man down there with one leg named Anderson?' "Let me see. What was the name o the other leg?"

—Policeman—"Come right around to the station and tell the captain all the particulars of the robbery of yourwatch." Busy Victim—"But I haven't any time now."

—Effete Notions of the East: Arizona Al—"Wal, what do you think of that? Here's Jim goin' an' gittен' married!" Chloride Charlie—"Wal that's the way of the world!" Arizona Al—"Right enough, but look at this. 'No cards.' That's what comes of marryin' inter a pious family."—*Puck.*

—Englishman (in British Museum) This book, sir was once owned by Cicero,

American Tourist—Pshaw! That's nothing' Why, in one of our American museums we have the lead pencil that Noah used to check off the animals as they came out of the ark."—*Tit-Bits.*

— "The streets of the New Jerusalem," said the Rev. Mr. Sprocnetts, "are paved with the smoothest asphalt, and truck delivery wagons are not allowed on the roads." There were 800 converts.—*London Figaro.*

— "There are six necessities, you know, for a happy marriage."

"What are they?"

"First, a good husband."

"And the others?"

"The other five are money."—*LaCaricature.*

— Belle—I'm glad Jack has got a bicycle; it has helped his disposition wonderfully.

Nan—His disposition? Why, how could it?

Belle—Oh, when he gets up to give baby a drink and steps on a tack he is so glad that it is in his foot instead of his pneumatic tire that he doesn't say anything.—*Judge.*

— "Ah, my gallant boy," said the father of the child Rushem had just pulled from beneath a trolley car, "that was a brave rescue. But didn't the car strike you?"

"No," replied Rushem, whose football days only closed last November; "but I struck it." And he blushingly pointed to the shattered wreck.

People buy Hood's Sarsaparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now. †

LOST LIGHT.

I cannot make her smile again,
That sunshine on her face
That used to make this worn earth seem
At times so gay a place,
The same dear eyes look out at me;
The features are the same.
But oh! the smile is out of them
And I must be to blame.
Sometimes I see it still; I went
With her the other day
To meet a long-missed friend, and while
We still were on the way,
Her confidence in waiting love
Brought back to me to see
The old-time love light in her eyes
That will not shine for me.
They tell me money waits for me,
They say I might have fame,
I like those gewgaws quite as well
As others like the same;
But I care not for what I have,
Nor lust for what I lack,
One tithe as much as my heart longs
To call that lost light back.
Come back, dear banished smile, come back,
And into exile drive
All thoughts, aims and jealous hopes
That in thy stead would thrive.
Who wants the earth without its sun,
And what has life for me
That's worth a thought, if as its price
It leaves me robbed of thee?

—*Scribner's Magazine.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— To do God's will is the enjoyment of His angels; it should be the enjoyment of His people.

— The orthodox church of Russia is the richest church in the world. It is said that it could pay the National debt of Russia (one billion dollars) and not be impoverished.

— The dwelling and the working must go together. I we are indeed dwelling with the King we shall be working for him too as we have opportunity.—*France R. Havergal.*

— Prayer is as mighty an instrument that no one has thoroughly mastered all its keys. They sweep alone the infinite scale of man's wants and God's goodness.—*Hugh Miller.*

— No man or woman of the humblest sort can really be strong, pure and good without the world being better for it, without somebody being helped and comforted by the very existence of this goodness.

— Religion is not for eternity alone. It is for life rather than death. The part it plays in death is because of its effect in life. He who fails to get joy and comfort and peace out of his relationship to Christ can only blame himself. He who trusts all to Christ will get the joys promised by the Son of God.

— Little self-denial, little honesties, little passing words of sympathy, little nameless acts of kindness, little silent victories over favorite temptations —these are the silent threads of gold which, when woven together, gleam out so brightly in the pattern of life that God approves.—*F. W. Farrar.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Rev. R. C. Beaman, recently appointed by the North Carolina Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, has made his appointments for the first round, as follows:

Onslow circuit, at Queen's Creek, March 13, 14.

Brunswick circuit, at Concord, March 20, 21.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen, March 27, 28.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville (night), March 28.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, March 30.

Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, April 3, 4.

Bladen circuit, at Bethlehem, April 10, 11.

POULTICES.

What They Are For and How They Should Be Made.

The chief object of a poultice is to supply and retain heat and moisture for the relief of pain and internal congestion. Other but less frequent uses are for cleaning the surface of foul ulcers and hastening the removal of dead tissue.

Poultices are best made of ground flaxseed, but in case this is not to be had bread, cornmeal or hominy may be substituted.

In making a bread poultice the crust of the loaf should not be used, and it should be remembered that such a poultice quickly becomes sour. When cornmeal or hominy is used, salt should be added to each application to prevent irritation of the skin.

The greatest benefit of a poultice comes from its heat. Therefore care should be taken to apply it very hot.

The flaxseed meal should be mixed with boiling water in a receptacle placed over the fire, and the mixture should be constantly stirred until it is of about the consistency of oatmeal porridge. The batter should then be evenly spread, about half an inch in thickness, on a warm cloth folded in two or three layers.

Over the surface of the flaxseed a piece of cheesecloth, white tarlatan or a fine cambric handkerchief should be laid, or, these failing, the surface may be covered with a small quantity of vaseline or sweet oil. This procedure in no way interferes with the action of the poultice. Its object is simply to prevent the flaxseed from adhering to the skin.

The poultice, after being applied to the body, should be covered with either oiled silk, flannel or cotton wadding, so that the heat may be retained. As soon as the poultice cools it should be removed and a fresh one applied.

In order to render a poultice more effective in diminishing or relieving deep seated pain, as in the chest and abdomen, mustard may be added to the flaxseed. Such a poultice is far better, for ordinary purposes, than a mustard plaster. It is rarely followed by any unpleasant irritation of the skin.

The mustard should not be added in the form of the powder, but should be carefully mixed with a small amount of warm water and then thoroughly stirred into the flaxseed just before it is spread upon the cloth. The amount of mustard should be varied, according to the severity of the pain and the age of the person.

The application of mustard in this form is particularly well suited to children and old people, whose skin is easily irritated.—Youth's Companion.

When Women Play.

The following conversation was overheard by a waiter at the ladies' club. The man was able to use his knowledge of shorthand to take notes, having once been a reporter:

"Jane," said Maria, "it is your lead."

"Why, no," answered Jane. "It is Ida's."

"No," spoke up Ida, "it is not my lead. Susan dealt the cards."

"Why, then, it must be my lead," said Maria. "What's trumps?"

"Hearts!" shouted three young voices in unison.

"Well, there is my lead," said Maria, playing the deuce of clubs.

"But you must lead out a trump card, my dear," cried Jane.

"Yes, and lead the biggest trump you have in your hand," put in Ida, Jane's partner.

"Well, then, here is the queen of hearts," said Maria.

"Oh, you mean thing you!" exclaimed Jane. "That takes my king."

"But I will take the trick, for I have the ace," said Ida.

"But," remarked Susan, that is the ace of diamonds."

"So it is," said Ida. "Well, here is the four of hearts."

"I've got the ace of hearts," purred Susan. "Does that take the trick?"

"Of course it does," answered Jane.

"No, it doesn't," said Ida. "A court card always takes another card."

"Oh, let's stop playing!" cried Maria wearily. "It's no fun when there are no men to tell you how to play."—London Tit-Bits.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

A TEAM OF TURTLES.

They Were Used by Four Little Girls to Draw a Doll Carriage.

Four young women in New Brunswick, N. J., have a fondness for strange pets. They have three dozen turtles confined in a pen. Two of the reptiles are land turtles and the others are of the variety that usually make their homes in the mud.

When they were little children, the girls were playmates, and they manifested a fondness for snakes, turtles, bees and other animals and insects that are usually the terrors of youth. At that time they began collecting turtles and they have continued ever since. Many of the three dozen turtles have been pets for years, but some are of recent acquisition.

In their younger days the girls trained the turtles to draw their doll coaches, and it is doubtful if ever dolls had such queer horses as did the dolls belonging to the little girls in New Brunswick. The turtles were not very speedy, but what did that matter to children who had no definite place to go and had all day to go there?

The turtles seemed to like to be "hitched up," and there is no record that the dolls ever complained that the coaches were too

slow. The turtles did the best they could, which is more than can be said of many cab horses.

The turtles look alike to the casual observer, except in the matter of size, and many of them are identical in that respect. But the girls have no trouble in identifying the reptiles, and each turtle has a name as an individual right. One is called Grover Cleveland, another is Mrs. Cleveland, Lillian Russell is also honored, Adelina Patti is another name, and even George Washington was not forgotten.

Under the careful training of the young ladies the turtles have learned to eat strawberries, cake and other delicacies to which they were unaccustomed in their wild state, but they still prefer angleworms, snails and raw meat. The mud turtles are fond of fish and eat it voraciously. They are always hungry and have never been known to stop eating as long as the supply of food lasts.

Miss Florence Irene Parker, Miss Jeannette Smith, Miss Florence Vernon and Miss Rittie Burnell are the owners of the menagerie. The stock is held in common and the turtles are kept in the back yard of Miss Parker's home, on George street.

Every fall the turtles dig holes in the ground, in which they go to sleep and stay until spring, and during the winter the young ladies have to be content with remembering the antics of their pets in the summer.—New York World.

The Little Soldier.

"Oh, I would be a soldier boy,"
Said little Sammy Black.
"I'd have a gun and march along,
A knapsack on my back!

"I'd never be a coward, no!
I'd never turn and run;
I'd stand right up before the foe
And shoot them with my gun."

Then Sammy got a wooden sword,
A crimson belt he wore;
A banner, too, of red and blue,
Above he bravely bore.

And when he got outside the gate,
Some turkeys there he met.
"I'll scatter them," brave Sammy said.
"I'll make them fly, I'll bet!"

The gobblers saw the crimson belt,
And then prepared to fight,
And on the boy, with flapping wings,
They straightway did alight.

The turkeys screamed, "Caboodleboo!
Ka-wee, ka-wee, ka-wee!"
And, with a flap, the paper cap
Was split in two or three.

"Oh, help! Oh, my!" the soldier cried.
"Oh, help! Oh, my! Boo hoo!
Come, help me out! Oh, mamma, come!
I don't know what to do!"

His mother came, and, with a broom,
She put the birds to flight,
But, ah, alas, the soldier boy
Was in a sorry plight!

—Boston Woman's Journal.

A Scrapbook.

A young girl studying botany has made herself a scrapbook of clippings and pictures relating to it taken from old books and magazines. This she finds of great value, and it is a suggestion to others, both boys and girls, that her example is a good one to follow. She goes to the reading room of some library and looks over the periodicals every week. When she finds a paragraph or article on some botanical subject, she buys the paper or magazine at the nearest newsstand and transfers the clipping to her scrapbook. A great deal of fresh information is gained in this way, which is not only an aid to her in her study, but keeps her posted on new discoveries and investigations. Any one who tries the plan will see at once how useful it may prove. A subject in natural history will soon accumulate a book full of general information, and as a reference library it will be found very valuable. Sketches or pictures relating to the subject may be clipped and preserved to add to the interest of the collection. Cut the item out as soon as you see it, if possible, as this will be a considerable time saver. However small the item or insignificant it may appear at first, save it. Later, when the clippings are being arranged, it may fit in very importantly.—New York Times.

A Cautious Purchaser.

The Philadelphia Record tells of an amusing occurrence at an auction in one of the rural towns of Pennsylvania, where a house, barn and farm were offered for sale. Farmers came from all the surrounding country with a view to making a day of it, and some of them imbibed too much corn juice in honor of the occasion. In the barn was stored between 20 and 30 hundredweight of hay—prime timothy—on which the bidding started at 4 cents and gradually rose, a quarter of a cent at a time, until it neared the market value of 7½ cents or 8 cents a pound. The auctioneer was annoyed by the reckless bidding of a typical old hayseed who was so drunk that he could hardly stand. He was determined to buy that hay, regardless of its cost, and when the last sober bidder feebly cried "Eight cents!" he shouted "Ten!" Of course nobody would go higher than that, and the farmers chuckled to think how their neighbor was to be taken in. "Do you mean to pay cash for this hay?" asked the auctioneer, who began to believe he had a good thing. "Waal, I reckon," replied the inebriated hayseed. "And how many hundredweight are you going to take?" "Dunno as I keer 'bout takin a hundredweight," said the purchaser. "You might gimme 'bout a pound." What the auctioneer said will long be remembered by the farmers of Montgomery county.

He Struck It Wrong.

When Tommy was about 10 years old, he was taken to see his grandfather, who was very rich, but extremely parsimonious. One day the old gentleman asked Tommy if he had a pocketbook. Receiving a negative answer, he said: "That's too bad. If you had a pocketbook, I would give you a quarter to put in it." The next time Tommy went to see his grandfather he took care to have the pocketbook. As before, he was asked if he possessed the article, mentioned, and he hastily answered affirmatively, at the same time producing it. Much to his chagrin the old miser said: "Well, now, and so you have a pocketbook, have you? I was just going to give you a quarter to buy one."—Exchange.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

THE SUSPENDER FAD.

RASTUS—"Here you, Lize, wor yer dun doin' wid my best Sunday suspenses, hey?"

LIZE—"Why, pop, I dun see in der papers dat it's de stile fo' young ladies to wear suspenders now, and I dun borrowed yo's fo' do ball dis evening, and I want to take along your Pick Leaf Smoking Tobacco."

LYON & CO'S
PICK LEAF
EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Mr. Hanna has given an order for a 175-ton engine. Another proof that Mark is a heavy machine runner.

There Is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	5
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5	@	5¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	35	@	40
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	95
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	13
Dairy, Cream	12	@	14
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	11	@	16
DOMESTIC—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 25
Straight	4 75	@	5 00
Fine Patent		@	5 10
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	40	@	42½
Car load, in bags—White	39	@	40
Oats, from a store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	45	@	45
Cow Peas		@	85
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	5
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern		@	6
North Carolina	9	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (City sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	30
Porto Rico, in hhds	27	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg. Cut 60d basis		@1 75	
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 25	@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack. Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	3 00	@	3 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grans?		@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	5½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 00	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 25	@	1 40
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 45 per bbl for Strained and $1 50 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Nominal. $1.30 per barrel for Hard and $1.80 for Soft.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 26@35½c; rosin, firm, $1 30, 1 35; tar firm, 90c; crude turpentine, nothing doing; no receipts.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	15
Rosin	331
Tar	142
Crude Turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year—61 casks spirits turpentine, 356 bbls rosin, 177 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4⅝	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6	" "
Low Middling	6⅝	" "
Middling	7	" "
Good Middling	7 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—75 bales; same day last year, 198.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 60c; Fancy, 65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 40 to 43¼ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 13—Evening.—Money on call 1¼@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers bills at 485¼@485¾ for sixty days, 487@487¼ for demand. Commercial bills 484@485. Government bonds were higher; United States coupon fours 113½; United States twos 95½. State bonds were dull; North Carolina fours 102½; North Carolina sixes 123½. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 13—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛c.

Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; March 6 95, April 6 98, May 7 02, June 7 07, July 7 11, August 7 12, September 6 87, October 6 75, November 6 77, December 6 81, January 6 85. Sales 27,000 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1,530 bales; gross 1,520 bales;

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation.

Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Avenue,
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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

PUBLIC LEDGER
AND DAILY TRANSCRIPT.
PHILADELPHIA.

GEORGE W. CHILDS,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR FROM 1864 TO 1894.

GEORGE W. CHILDS DREXEL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The PUBLIC LEDGER is first of all a newspaper giving all the news of the day, classified and in complete form. In the LEDGER *every statement is verified*, its news is therefore *thoroughly reliable*.

Outside of its news department (which includes special correspondence from all the important cities and towns in *Pennsylvania*, *New Jersey* and *Delaware*), the LEDGER is an illustrated family newspaper of exceptional interest and value, giving special attention to domestic affairs, religious news and comment, social events, games, sports, the fashions of the day, literary, art, farm and garden, scientific and labor notes, building society news, etc.

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GEO. W. CHILDS DREXEL,
Editor and Publisher.

jan 29 tf

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—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION,
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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

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The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 1m

LEA & PERRINS'

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea & Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

BIC Rids Wash

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.

jan 21 1y

OPTIMISTS.

Because of the mild weather
The birds take heart and sing,
Blackbird and thrush together,
Linnets are on the wing.
And, gathering wool and feather,
The birds say, "It is spring."

In every bush and cover
Are silver flutes and gold.
The robin's singing is over
That cheers us in the cold.
When every bird is a lover,
Red robin's tale is told.

O birds, too quick believers,
Winter may come to stay,
With white and silent rivers
And grass blades stiff and gray
And a world that cries and shivers
Instead of a wedding day!

"Peace!" say the birds. "Go marry,
And love shall teach you mirth.
We may no longer tarry
Beside a fireless hearth,
With a house to build and quarry,
For the sweetest head on earth."
—New York Tribune.

A NAVAL ADVENTURE

It was dismal outside, for the rain fell unceasingly, but Mrs. Traynor's dainty drawing room looked the picture of comfort that dreary evening. Isabella, Captain Traynor's young wife, was herself a picture worth looking at. She had been the reigning belle of her native city before marrying the most popular captain in the navy, who, many years her senior, was very proud of his handsome young wife, who was admired by everybody.

The seaport town had long been noted for its pretty girls and beautiful women, and Mrs. Traynor, too sure of her own popularity to feel jealous, was sure to have some of them with her. On this particular evening the captain had brought home half a dozen brother officers to help entertain his wife's guests. They were scattered about the room, chatting gayly with the young ladies, and all of them more or less jealous of Lieutenant Robert Brighton, who was the lion of the hour, because he had only just returned from his first long cruise and being one of the fortunate few who know just how to look and say the unutterable things that are sure to make one a favorite with the fair sex they petted him until he was in a fair way of being spoiled, as he had rather a good opinion of himself and knew his own merits in spite of pretended modesty.

"Tell us something thrillingly exciting," urged Belle Talby, flashing her black eyes bewitchingly at the handsome lieutenant.

"One of your own love stories would be all that, no doubt," said Cora McArthur, shaking her blond head viciously as she noticed the glance returned by the wicked Bob to the black eyed beauty.

"I asked for a story first," pouted Effie, "and we don't want one of his love stories, for we will all have chance enough before the winter is over to see and hear plenty of our handsome lieutenant's affaires de cœur. Won't we, though?" said the little tease provokingly.

"All right, then," replied our young hero, unabashed at being the center of attraction. "I will tell of an adventure we had just before we landed at Yokohama.

"I shall tell you a story that is a mixture of adventure, in which fire, water, love and jealousy all figure prominently. No, Miss Cora, it is not one of my own love affairs. I only wish it were, but our lieutenant commander, Clayton Ried, is the hero of this tale, and as he modestly objects to talking of the matter as an act of bravery I for one shall tell his story, although his reward was so great we all felt that he was paid for the pain he suffered in doing that which the rest of us were afraid to undertake.

"He rescued a crippled old man and the most beautiful young girl I have ever seen, present company excepted, of course. She was a stunning beauty, though," continued the lieutenant. "Her eyes alone were enough to take any man captive, and we all agreed that it was a shame that Ried should capture such a prize when he was the least susceptible fellow among us. He was, in fact, considered a woman hater, and he seemed to shun them upon every occasion, but he got bravely over that after he rescued the little princess, as we called her.

"Captain Lamond said that Ried had been one of the jolliest, best liked fellows in the navy until an unfortunate love affair a few years ago soured him so that he was like a different man—almost unapproachable to most people who came in contact with him. We were mighty glad of the change in him, although he coolly cut us all out without an effort, while we were trying our best to win. That he was the bravest among us no one disputes, and that is why he is the hero of this tale of reckless bravery."

"Whom did you say?" asked Mrs. Traynor in a low voice, touching his arm gently.

"Lieutenant Commander Clayton Ried," replied Bob, wondering at the look of intense jealousy on the fair face before him as she asked the question.

"What was this great act of bravery that the rest of you dared not do?" questioned Mrs. Traynor eagerly, drawing nearer to the story teller, as if she were afraid she might lose a word of the tale, in which she seemed to take an unwonted interest.

"I will tell you," said the lieutenant. "Several miles out from our landing at Yokohama we discovered a small ship which had run up the signal of distress, and upon getting nearer we could see she was on fire. The wind was blowing a gale, and it was no easy matter to get within reach of the doomed vessel, but we made every effort to do so. The flames were growing fierce, and there seemed no place where the small boats could run close to her without danger of getting into the fire. After making several attempts the men declared the only way they could save the people, who were crying for help, was to have them jump clear of the fire, and our boats could pick them up. Most of them did this and were saved without being hurt, but they were badly frightened.

"Thinking the last of the passengers and sailors were safely carried to the ship, we were horror stricken to see on the upper deck of the vessel a white haired old man standing, with his arm around the shoulders of a young girl. He seemed to be urging her to jump and save herself, and she was as firmly refusing to move. One of the sailors whom we had picked up said: 'Oh, that's the captain and his daughter, Miss Aline. The captain broke his leg this morning, so he can't jump, and the girl won't leave him. They have no one else in this world—just them two,' continued the sailor, 'and they'll die game, for the young lady's got plenty of pluck as well as the captain.'

"Before the man had finished talking, Commander Ried had drawn his cap over his ears and thundered an order to take him alongside the fated boat.

"'You can't get to them now,' the rest of us said.

"'I shall do it or perish in the attempt. I shall save those people at all hazards,' replied Ried curtly.

"'I am afraid your own life will pay the forfeit, my boy,' the captain said, but he did not interfere with his lieutenant commander's orders.

"'I should not regret that, captain, for it is not a life worth living at best.'

"The sailors dared not disobey and pulled quickly as near the burning vessel as possible.

"Putting on a heavy pair of leather gloves to protect his hands from the heat, Ried sprang like a cat from the bow of the boat, catching at the only place on the side of the vessel that was not enveloped in flames where he could hold on to climb to the upper deck, which was not yet a prey to the fiery elements. Seizing the old captain, whose strength was nearly gone, our brave hero half carried, half dragged him to the only spot now left them for escape.

"'Follow me,' he said to the plucky girl who had faced death rather than leave her father to die alone.

"Reaching the place where the small boats were hovering near as possible, he tied a rope securely around the captain's waist. Then, calling to the men to catch him, he swung him clear of the flames, letting him drop into the waters below none too soon. It was hard lines for a man with a broken leg to be thus roughly dealt with, but it was that or roasting alive, and the captain was man enough to feel nothing but the gratitude due his rescuer.

"'I shall surely save your child,' Ried said to the poor father when he insisted upon his daughter being saved first, even if he had to be left to his fate. Taking the slender young form in his arms, the lieutenant made a fearful leap, barely escaping the scorching flames, which seemed like angry demons cheated of their prey. Down, down, into the dark waters they sank, closely clasped in each other's arms.

"The sailors and the half crazed father were afraid they had only escaped the cruel flames to find a grave in the angry sea, for it seemed a long time before they arose to the surface after that terrible leap for life.

"At last they were seen by the eager watchers, who lost no time in getting them into the boat and rowing rapidly to the ship, where ready hands helped to care for the sufferers. It was not long before the surgeon had done his part. The old captain's leg was set, and he was sleeping from exhaustion. The daughter had been unconscious when they took her from the commander's arms, but she was unhurt and was given a stateroom, where she was ordered by the doctor to get into bed while her wet clothing was dried and pressed, as there was no possible chance to replenish her wardrobe until we landed, unless, like a new woman, she was willing to don masculine attire.

"Until he had seen his charges well cared for, Ried did not speak of his own sufferings, which must have been almost unbearable, as his hands and arms were so badly burned the scars will never leave them entirely. He had been obliged to cling to the side of the vessel while on his errand of mercy and did not dare to let go, even when the iron bands took the skin off his hands, burning deep into the flesh.

"We were all full of curiosity about the maiden, of whom we had only a slight glance before the matter of fact doctor spirited her away. That one glance was enough to show us that she was a beauty, and we all felt envious of Ried, who, we declared, would never half appreciate the advantage he had as the man who had saved her life and that of her crippled father.

"Our curiosity was not gratified until the next morning, when she burst upon our vision like a bright star, without a sign of the danger through which she had passed in the fight for life with fire and water, from which she had been rescued not a moment too soon by the brave man who became her hero from that hour. As she entered the cabin, gracefully at ease in spite of the fact that several pairs of eyes were glancing admiringly at her, we all arose to greet her; but, passing us by until she reached Commander Ried, she took both of his poor, bandaged hands in her soft, white palms, and, raising the most glorious pair of eyes to his face, she faltered: 'You saved my father's life and mine. I thank you. Oh, I do thank you, more than I can ever tell you, you brave, good man! I can never forget that we owe our lives to you. Death seemed so terrible when we thought we must die, and we had given up all hope'—with a shudder at the recollection—'when you came to save us.'

"She and her father staid with us until he was perfectly well, and it was a sad day when we had to part from our little princess, who had been a jolly little tyrant, I assure you. We were all her most obedient slaves, but our efforts to cut Ried out were fruitless, as she considered us only secondary considerations.

"I never saw a fellow change as Commander Ried did in that short time. He was full of fun and the very essence of gallantry, outvying us in everything, from tender sentiment to the brilliant repartee for which he became noted. The captain told us that he had always been like that until the three years past, when, without giving any reason for it, he had become the distant, cynical fellow we had found him.

"The princess used to insist upon helping the surgeon dress his burned hands every day, and she was his devoted nurse until he was nearly well. Then she tormented the life nearly out of him by flirting outrageously with the rest of us. I confess to having been one of the victims myself and had quite a sharp wound from that quarter, but the little rascal only laughed at me when I told her so. Ried used to look savage when she made eyes at any of us, and I think she dearly loved to torment him, although they invariably made up, after the fashion of all lovers."

"Where is he now?" asked Mrs. Traynor in a voice unlike her own. Bob turned quickly to look at her. As the firelight flashed brightly for an instant, showing the pale, set face, with eyes so full of jealous pain they betrayed the secret she had so bravely and successfully hidden that no one had ever thought the life she was leading was not the fullest happiness she had known. He remembered then the faint whisper of how she had been madly in love with a young officer, whom she had afterward jilted because he was not rich enough to keep her in the luxuries she felt she could not live without, and how, at the last moment, she had given him up when the wealthy captain sought her in marriage, and as she had seemed very happy as his wife the gossips had made up their minds that she had not cared for the young lieutenant after all. Alas, poor Isabella! After three long years of struggling to forget, Bob's story had roused all the slumbering pain she had suffered in giving up love for wealth, and she was filled with the most intense hatred toward her rival, who had come into the life and heart she had left desolate by her desertion. She had thought it impossible that he should ever care for any other woman in this world while she lived, even though she must be as one dead to him, and now, in a moment of passionate jealousy, she had betrayed her secret to Lieutenant Brighton. The thought was intolerable to her proud spirit, but Bob, with a chivalrous desire to show that the unspoken confidence was sacred, quietly laid his hand on hers for an instant, as he added:

"Your secret is safe, my dear Lady Isabella," said he, gently raising her white hand to his lips. "You can trust to my honor that neither Clayton Ried nor any one else shall ever know from me that our captain's wife is not the happiest, just as she is the most charming, woman in the world."

"You will tell me if you hear any further news from him, will you not?" pleaded Isabella in a low voice, as she left the lieutenant to receive other guests who were just arriving.

"Yes, surely," he replied, but he did not keep his word, for in less than a month from that time he received a letter from Commander Ried, which read:

RICHMOND, Oct. 15, 1894.

Lieutenant Robert Brighton, U. S. N.:

MY DEAR BOB—For the sake of the warm friendship between us during the eventful cruise from which we have just returned, I write to tell you of the coming event which will make me the happiest man in the country. You may not know that soon after we landed I obtained leave of absence and started at once for old Virginia. I was welcomed right royally by the captain and sweetly though shyly by his daughter, the "Little Princess." I have been there ever since, and that I have made good use of my time you will say when I tell you that when I leave I shall take with me the bonniest bride that ever the sun shone on—none other than Aline, only daughter of Captain John Raymond of Richmond.

Come down and act as best man for me. The captain and Aline send you a pressing invitation to their hospitable Virginia home, and several pretty girls will be here to help entertain you.

Let us know when to expect you at your earliest convenience. Regards to all old friends. Yours as ever,

CLAYTON B. RIED.

"Alas, poor Lady Isabella!" said the lieutenant to himself as he finished the commander's letter. "It is really the best thing that could happen to her, but I'll be hanged if I can be the one to tell her," he added as he carefully folded and put the missive away, knowing that to show it would only add to the heartaches and remorse of one fair woman who had surely suffered enough for the mistake she made in believing anything can ever take the place of love."—Celeste A. Dobbins in Philadelphia Times.

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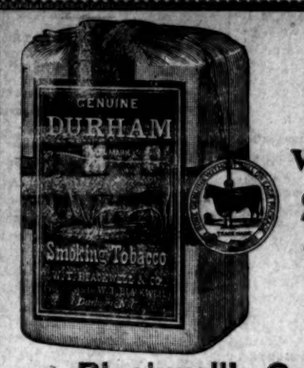

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☞ Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 8, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.35 a m, Warsaw 11.13 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.50 p m, Petersburg 5.04 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 9.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.34 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.50 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.56 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 1.04 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.25 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.32 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.46 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.45 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 3.00 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.35 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.46 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.05 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.08 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 8.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.45 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m., Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.53 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.20a m, Weldon 11.40 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 10.10 a m and 4.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.35 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.50 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.30 a m., Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8 30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 5.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 43 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5 38 p m, arrives Dillon 5.56 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 25 p m, Chadbourn 5.30 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.06 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m, Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 1 a m, 4 p m, arrive Lanes 3.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 6 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 5.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 15 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 37 p m, arrive Florence 6 55 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.50 p m, Smithfield 5.55 p m, Dunn 6.35 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m, 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.38 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.30 p m, Dunn 12.07 a m, Smithfield 12.46 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 20 a m, Creston 5 21 a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m, Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrive Creston 5 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.55 a m and 5.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. feb 9 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 3	No. 13			No. 7	No. 15
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv	Walnut street	Ar	12 40
7 00	3 10	Lv	Surry street	Ar	12 30
9 50		Ar	Jacksonville	Lv	
11 00	3 32	Lv	"	Ar	10 43
11 33	4 30	Lv	Maysville	Lv	10 09
12 30	4 44	Lv	Pollocksville	Lv	9 55
1 30	5 15	Ar	Newbern	Lv	9 30
	P M				A M

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 3 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager may 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.		STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 30	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 13	Kinston	10 33	.....
5 15	5 20	Newbern	9 17	9 20
6 27	6 42	Morehead City	8 03	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 12.00 p m, and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 5.00 p m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 1.35 p m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
nov 97 tf

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 7, 1897.

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 36 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 11 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 35 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	6 51 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*5 1 pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	.....
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 45am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 30am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	8 30am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 10am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 35am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 45am
Arrive Klienboro	.....	12 30pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 54pm

*6 40 a m Leave Hamlet Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive Cheraw Leave 10 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 35pm
Leave Kilenboro	.....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	.....	6 08pm
Leave Lincolnton	.....	7 00pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 a m	8 25pm
Arrive Monroe	5 58 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 28 am	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1897

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

Jos. W. Bailey, of Texas, Nominated for Speaker—Other Nominations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—This ticket was nominated at the caucus of the Democratic members of the House this afternoon: Jos. W. Bailey, Texas, Speaker; E. G. Bagby, District of Columbia, Chaplain; James Kerr, Pennsylvania, Clerk; H. H. Mohler, Illinois, Sergeant-at-Arms; G. M. Crookshank, Alabama, Doorkeeper; T. B. Stockhouse, South Carolina, Postmaster; Ike Hill, Ohio, George Browning, Virginia, Felton Knight, Georgia, and James English, of California, special employes.

There has been for several weeks an active canvass for the Speakership nomination. The candidates were Jos. W. Bailey, of Texas; Benton McMillin, of Tennessee, and James D. Richardson, of Tennessee.

Before the caucus met to-day Mr. Richardson withdrew with the understanding that he should be elected permanent chairman of the Democratic caucus. This was supposed to narrow the feeling to Bailey and McMillin, but after these gentlemen had been placed in nomination a third candidate was presented by Mr. Terry, of Arkansas, in the person of Mr. Richard Bland, of Missouri, the silver dollar candidate for Presidential honors at the Chicago Convention. Mr. Bailey proved to be an easy winner, securing a larger vote than both his rivals combined. The five members of the New York delegation, excepting Mr. Sulzer, supported Mr. Bailey, the remainder of his vote coming principally from the South. The vote was: Bailey, 56; McMillin, 30; Bland, 22.

Mr. Bailey was awaiting the result in the Appropriations Committee room where a committee consisting of Messrs. Sayers of Texas, Cox of Tennessee, and McClellan of New York, met him and after extending their congratulations escorted him to the House chamber, where he was received with applause. The young Texan ascended to the Speaker's platform and expressed his gratification at the honor conferred upon him and advocated harmony in the party.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, was adopted.

Resolved That a committee of Representatives be appointed to confer with the Democratic Senators for the purpose of having a joint caucus of Senators and Representatives during the Fifty-fifth Congress, to the end that harmony and uniformity of party action may prevail in the course to be followed by the Democratic Senators and Representatives.

The caucus then adjourned.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 13.—The wheat market came under the influence of crop scares to-day and without making much progress in the way of enhancement was, nevertheless, very firm. May wheat opened from 73½ to 73⅝c, advanced to 73¾c, closing at 73¼@73¾—⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm.

Corn opened with a firm tone, the surprisingly small receipts, 80 cars, having a bullish effect on the minds of traders. There was a fair business transacted during the session, the early tone being maintained throughout. No heavy lots changed hands but the aggregate was moderately large.

May oats closed a shade higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady and unchanged.

An upturn of 5@10c in hog prices at the yards had the legitimate effect of stimulating the tone of provisions. Business, too, was a little better, shorts covering up for the week and packers buying quite freely. May pork closed 10c higher, May lard and ribs 2½@5c higher.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The Visible Supply of Cotton—Crop in Sight—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 3,655,863 bales, of which 3,221,063 are American, against 3,599,930 and 3,109,780 respectively last year.

Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 50,594 bales. Receipts from the plantations, 97,497 bales. Crop in sight, 7,617,718 bales.

The New York *Sun* says: Spot cotton here was unchanged with sales of 783 bales for export and 185 for spinning.

The cotton market to-day was extremely dull and the fluctuations in prices were few and confined within narrow limits, near the last quotations being practically unchanged from the opening prices. The total sales for the day were a mere bagatelle, being only 27,000 bales. The sentiment, however, was bullish, and as there was very little disposition to sell, prices advanced slightly on a small local demand. Liverpool was higher, both for futures and spots, and the *Chronicle's* weather report was bullish, while the daily weather man indicating further rains in Alabama also contributed to strengthen the tone.

A DOUBLE SUICIDE.

An Engaged Couple Kill Themselves by Taking Poison.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT WAYNE, IND., March 13.—Wm. E. Colerick, one of the most eloquent and brilliant young lawyers of Indiana, was found dead on a lounge in the front room at the house of his fiancee, Miss May Hall, in this city, at 9 o'clock this morning, and Miss Hall was found unconscious in her own room at the rear of the same residence. Both had taken carbolic acid. Miss Hall is at the Hope Hospital, where her death is hourly expected. Mrs. Hall, mother of the young lady, has gone to St. Paul to be married.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Rosin was quiet; strained common to good $1 65@1 70. Spirits turpentine steady and unchanged at 29½@30c.

CHARLESTON, March 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales — casks. Rosin firm, sales — barrels; A, B, C, D, E $1 40, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 60, K $1 70, M $1 75, N $1 80, W G $1 85, W W $2 05.

SAVANNAH, March 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; sales 367 casks; receipts 383 casks. Rosin steady; sales 1,000 barrels; receipts 1,808 barrels; A, B, C, D, E, $1 55, F $1 65, G $1 70, H $1 85, I $1 90, K $1 90, M $1 90, N $1 95, W G $2 05, W W $2 30.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CRITICAL RELATIONS

EXISTING BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND THE TRANSVAAL.

England Seeking the Earliest Opportunity to Crush the Little Republic—Secretary Chamberlain's Policy—President Kruger and Queen Victoria.

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LONDON, March 13.—Public attention has been so concentrated for several weeks upon the crisis in the East that little notice has been taken of the really critical relations now existing between Great Britain and the Transvaal Republic. There is strong reason for believing that the English Government is seeking the earliest opportunity or excuse for making one more attempt to crush the little Republic which so many times has successfully repelled British invasions. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain is credited with just such an outrageous policy and his attitude on several recent occasions has done much to justify the suspicion. He emphasized repeatedly in his examination of Mr. Rhodes before the South Africa Commission his conviction that the present regime in the Transvaal cannot continue and openly intimated that the British Government would have given full support to an ultimatum in the drifts question last October had it been necessary. All of Mr. Chamberlain's nicest utterances in Parliament in reference to the Transvaal have been sarcastic and intolerant. He openly declares that the present relations between the two countries are gravely strained. There has been free talk within a few days of an ultimatum to President Kruger, with Lord Wolseley and forty thousand troops in the back ground. There is, of course, every effort to make it appear that President Kruger is taking the offensive, but nobody need be deceived thereby. The keen old statesman of the Rand know perfectly well that England is trying to pick a quarrel with him, and he is simply making ready, as he should do, for one more gallant defence of the Boer liberties against the rapacious greed of gold-worshipping Englishmen. This week he was making speeches in the Orange Free State, where he has been on a mission which is pretty well understood to include a scheme of an offensive as well as a defensive alliance of the two African Republics against England. His peculiar style of oratory is not relished in England, where everybody is ready to take offence whether it is intended or not. In one oration he talked cheerfully about the neat way his keen-eyed burghers had shot Englishmen when the foreigners invaded the Transvaal and the fact that his assertion perfectly accords with the facts does not sweeten it for British palates. In another speech the old man paid ponderous compliments to Queen Victoria, or at any rate the world has been given to understand that they were meant to be compliments. Among other remarks he declared that the Queen was "een Kwje vrouw" and a controversy is now raging as to the meaning of this phrase. Reuter's Telegram Company, which is the official Boer agency as far as South African news is concerned, translates the remark as "a difficult woman." The *Central News*, which in South African affairs is ultra British, cables from Cape Town that Mr. Kruger's words were meant to be contemptuous, and that their literal and also colloquial meaning is "an angry woman or shrew." The London *Globe*, which may be fairly regarded as the organ of Mr. Rhodes, says the expression is frequently used in the Transvaal with reference to bad-tempered animal, which, when annoyed, kick or bite. Thus "een kwake mannettje" is a phrase applied to a cock ostrich which is an habitual and vigorous kicker. Mr. Kruger, it is urged, really intended to describe Queen Victoria as a vicious woman. Whatever Mr. Kruger meant, Englishmen are bound to put the worst construction on it. As to his mission to the Grange Free State, private cables indicate that he will probably fail as to his main object, as the smaller Republic has no desire for high politics. One can scarcely take up an English paper now without finding in some form or another the obviously absurd accusation that President Kruger has the design to provoke England to war. Certainly the gallant old Republican shows a fine contempt of British susceptibilities and stoutly declines to accept as a rule of faith the proposition that the English are a heaven-sent race which sooner or later must dominate South Africa. Moreover, he vehemently declines to allow England to interfere under any pretext in the domestic concerns of his country, but he has done absolutely nothing to justify the charge that he would be such a fool as to force a war.

A good deal of interest is taken here in a long report in the *Times* of an interview yesterday between Mr. Smalley and Mr. Sherman, the new Secretary of State. It represented that Mr. Sherman favors the arbitration treaty, but is lukewarm regarding its details and is willing to accept any form of a treaty.

The Secretary declares that he will continue the Olney policy with regard to Cuba and Spain. American citizens will be protected by the American Government. Those who, under cover of American nationality, engaged in hostilities against Spain must accept the consequences of their acts. Those who are pursuing lawful occupations in a lawful way will be held entitled to the protection of law and treaties, and in their behalf no efforts will be spared should they be seized on suspicion. "There will be no war with Spain," the interview goes on. "We want none. We have no reason to believe that Spain wants war. If Spain would give me a quit claim deed to the island of Cuba I would not have it."

Mr. Sherman said he was opposed to all annexation, thinking the United States big enough already. He repelled the motion of desiring the annexation of Canada, peaceably or otherwise. "It is for the interest of neither. I have already stated my views against annexation. My dream for the remote and permanent future of this North American continent is three great Republics—Canada, the United States and Mexico—but I would not take a step to alter things as they are. What is to come hereafter must come by natural political evolution."

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

Negotiations Completed Which Add Two Hundred Miles to the Mobile & Ohio System.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 13.—It is announced that negotiations looking to the extension of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad to Montgomery, Ala., have been successfully completed by the sale of $4,000,000 five per cent. bonds of the Mobile & Ohio Railway Company, having fifty years to run, principal and interest payable in gold, and secured by a first lien upon the Montgomery division of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, including herein two branches to the Warrior and Cahawba coal fields and to the equipment of which the proceeds of a part of the bonds are to be applied. The construction of this division will add about 200 miles to the Mobile & Ohio system and will give it an important terminus at Montgomery. Terminal grounds and facilities granted by the city of Montgomery have been secured at that point and at Tuscaloosa.

By acts of Congress authority has been given to the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company to construct bridges across the Alabama, Cahawba and Warrior rivers. It is expected that the Montgomery division will be in operation early in 1898.

AT THE RING SIDE.

The Effect of Yesterday's Agreement Manifest in the Work of Both Men—Final Work on Arena Completed—Both Men Trained to an Edge—Excursion Trains from the West Headed for Carson.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CARSON, March 13.—The final work on the arena where Corbett and Fitzsimmons will meet on St. Patrick's Day, was concluded this afternoon, when the reserved seats were numbered. The kinetoscope was put in place at the ring side and the arrangements whereby the big mill can be reviewed at leisure by thousand, all completed and it only requires fine weather to make the picture a success. The sun had almost the fierceness of summer heat and its drying qualities were quickly manifested by the appearance of the roads which, though still muddy in spots were sufficiently dried off to enable both men to do some twelve miles of outdoor work. The effect of yesterday's pow-wow over Siler's interpretation of the rules was manifest in the work of both men to-day. Fitzsimmons was particularly attentive to hitting on the break and in clinches, and Roeber and Dan Hickey presented a gory appearance as the result of the Cornishman's practice. Corbett, too, did a lot of in-fighting and Billy Woads' pneumatic device did not avail him much in the way of protection from Jim's short arm punches Corbett's foot work was most admirable and none of the crowd were able to make him exert himself. The Californian's quarters were the Mecca of all sight-seers to-day and Charley White had his hands full in keeping the crowd, of which two-thirds were women, from encroaching too much on the limited space in the handball court.

Fitzsimmons has recovered from the shock he received when Corbett deliberately fouled him, according to the Chesterfield rules, and he was in great humor to-day. He took a good beating at quoits without a murmur, and admitted a number of dead heads to see him at work. From a short spin on the wheel he turned to the punching bag for ten rounds, winding up with a geyser display of hard hitting.

Corbett was even more vicious than the Australian. He puffed up Jeffries' lips with a straight left and dished up a few hot ones to Billy Woods, spattering Woods' mask with blood and splitting his lower lip. "Brother Joe" was more cautious than the others, and kept at a respectable distance. Jim wore out Sprinter Ryan and Billy Delany on the road before noon, covering twelve miles altogether in his morning's walk. He spent considerable time with the dumbbells and clubs, contrary to his usual custom. The wrist machine was not neglected, and the punching bag was given an extra whirl. Three fast games of hand ball left the champion in a nice perspiration.

Al. Smith, of New York, final stakeholder in the big mill, arrived from San Francisco this morning, and headed for the Bullion Bank, where he deposited $35,000 in certificates. This amount will be handed over to the winner on St. Patrick's Day. After visiting Shaw's Springs, Cook's ranch and Stuart's arena, Mr. Smith dictated the following interview for distribution to press correspondents:

"The prospects are the most rosy that ever attended an affair of this sort. I find that both of the men are in admirable shape, and if there ever was a sincere pair of pugilists you have them in Corbett and Fitzsimmons. I find that they are trained to an edge, and the contest should be a "corker." Such confidence as the men display is astonishing. Of course, there must be a winner and a loser, but if you can find the latter or a line that would lead to that conclusion by looking over and talking to the men you beat me. I cannot for the life of me recall a contest which presents such complex questions as this in the matter of "calling the turn." I went out to look over the arena too, and find it the best of its sort I ever visited. There is not a seat in the whole vast structure which does not present a clear, unobstructed view. The welter and feather-weight fights I look to for a whole lot of genuine sport. The men are so evenly matched and have trained so faithfully that I would not be a bit surprised to see the best fight of the three crop out in one of the lesser engagements. With these conditions, backed up by weather such as one would expect to find in tropical lands this time of the year, I predict that Mr. Stuart will get some returns for the ceaseless and untiring pluck he has displayed. It would take a whole lot of money to induce me to miss the treat I know is in store for the lovers of the manly art.

The two pool rooms are not taking in enough money to pay room rent. A favorite combination is Corbett, Green and Hawkins, and the odds against the trio have been cut down from 5 to 3 to 1. The wad of Eastern money which was supposed to go on Fitzsimmons is not in sight, and there appears to be enough San Francisco coin behind Corbett to keep the odds where they are, ten to seven, with Fitzsimmons at the short end.

Excursion rates from the Pacific coast were effective to-day, and trains are headed for Carson from all points in the West. Ticket sales are light in Carson, but a good demand is reported from the West.

FOR SPEAKER.

Reed Receives the Nomination of the Republican Caucus—All the Present Officers Renominated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 13—Speaker Reed was unanimously nominated for Speaker of the House of Representatives at to-night's Republican caucus. The attendance of members was unusually large, 199 of the 908 being present. The new members were conspicuously numerous. Mr. Payne, of New York, was selected to place Mr. Reed in nomination. He referred, in flattering terms, to Mr. Reed's popularity in the House. He said that Mr. Reed was nominated when this Congress was elected; that he was the choice of the Republican party and that it was the business of the caucus to respond to this popular demand. When Mr. Payne had taken his seat Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, who occupied the chair, put the motion, and it was adopted without a dissenting vote.

All the present House officers were then renominated. They are as follows: Henry N. Coudes, of Michigan, Chaplain; Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania, Clerk; Benj. F. Russell, of Missouri, Sergeant-at-Arms; W. J. Glenn, of New York, Doorkeeper.

RAILROAD DISASTER.

Four Men Fatally Injured in a Wreck on the Southern Railway, Near Rome, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROME, March 13.—A passenger train on the Southern Railway plunged down a bluff sixty feet deep at the approach to the Etowah river bridge this morning, with the engineer sticking to his post. The wreck caught fire and seven cars were burned. The fatally injured are: Engineer J. T. Pitman. Fireman Kennedy, Express Messenger Cuberson, Baggage Master Winston. All of the above live in Atlanta. John Simpson, colored, who was in the smoker, was badly bruised, and two other passengers, whose names are not known, slightly injured. The train was composed of one Pullman sleeper, day coach, smoker, baggage car, express car and five cars of freight. Heavy rains caused the trestle near the bridge to give way.

BRIGHT FOR CUBA.

TROOPS WITHDRAWN FROM THE ISLAND FOR SERVICE IN SPAIN.

Carlists Creating Trouble—People in Guanabacoa Rejoice Over the Departure of the Notorious Fondevielo—Awful Butchery at Bejucal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 13, VIA KEY WEST, FLA., March 13.—Very little news has reached Havana of what has occurred in the Philippines. Local papers have received long telegrams but their publication have been prohibited by the censor. He only allowed the news of Polavieja's resignation on the plea of sickness and this has caused a great sensation amongst the Spaniards, all disbelieving the story and attributing it either that he has been defeated in front of Cavite, or worse still, that the Spaniards have actually been expelled from the island. The Spaniards feel despondent and more so when it is known that Spain, being unable to send more reinforcements to the Philippines or unwilling to send the regular troops stationed in Spain to hold the Carlists or Republicans in check, has decided to withdraw 20,000 or 25,000 troops from Cuba, and under the pretext that they are sick and disabled, in order not to call attention of either the Spaniard or the insurgents, they will be sent back to Spain at once.

Weyler has agreed to the scheme and this explains the reason of his recent orders calling to the volunteer ranks all the able-bodied men willing to join them, in order to fill the gaps left by the troops which are to be sent to Spain. People here consider this measure as Spain's first confession of weakness and impotency to finish the Cuban revolution and a preliminary step to the final abandonment of the same.

Great rejoicing was manifested in Guanabacoa the other night when the notorious Fondeviela left the place to take charge of his forces operating around Campo Florido. Dancing parties were organized in many private residences and the numerous families who have left the place have announced their intention of returning. Col. Tejerizo, appointed in command, has the reputation of being an upright, humane Spanish officer, and he has already announced his intention to govern Guanabacoa with great justice and fairness.

All the Cuban residents of Bejucal are fleeing in terror from the town. The passenger train which arrived yesterday from the place was packed to overflowing with families who have hurriedly left it horrified at the awful butchery committed the night previous. It seems the Spanish garrison of troops and volunteers, enraged at the repeated attacks made on the town by the rebels, but too cowardly to meet them in the open fields or fight them in the streets of the same, are wreaking vengeance on peaceful residents on the plea that they are in sympathy with the Cuban patriots, and twenty of them were taken out of their homes late Thursday night and butchered in the outskirts. Their bodies were left in the open fields to be devoured by the dogs and vultures. Vengeance is also being taken on the helpless women and children, who are alleged to have relatives or friends in the rebel ranks.

FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Large Loans and Deposits Indicate a Decided Revival in Business—Statement of Associated Banks.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The New York *Financier* says this week: The total cash reserves of the New York banks according to their statements of March 13th, were $197,000,000. Of this amount, ten banks out of the sixty-five institutions associated with the clearing house hold $97,000 000, or nearly one-half of all the cash in the banks. The loans of the New York banks are now $505,919,500, a record surpassed only in the fall of 1895, and the deposits are $578,690 800, which is higher than has been touched since October, 1894. This will serve to show the strong basis underlying what now seems like a decided revival in business.

The statement for the week is favorable in nearly every item. The expansion in loans of $3,850,700 is due mainly to the borrowing by importers, who are taking goods out of bond in anticipation of higher tariff duties. Philadelphia reports the same activity in this regard, rates for money there having advanced slightly on the strength of the demand. The banks of New York lost over $1,500 000 last week to the interior. The inquiry for small bills is becoming larger every day, which is of itself an indication of broadening trade, but it is also true that New York has offered an excellent market for interior borrowers.

A letter to this paper from Kansas City says that some of the best papers there has been going to New York at low rates, and that continued favorable offers have drawn considerable business from that point. Such transactions probably account for the high figures of New York city bank loans. There are indications, however, that the remarkable ease in money will not continue indefinitely.

Funds undoubtedly are in better demand, and a further reduction in the reserves of the New York banks is not at all improbable. The contraction this week is $9,693,875. The loss of $9,885,200 in cash is accounted for by the heavy Treasury transactions and the interior movement. Deposits increased $1,232,700, and circulation contracted $194,900. This reduction, which has been going on since October, has resulted up to the present time in a shrinkage of nearly five millions in bank notes taken out by the New York banks. The movement has probably reached its culmination, although the continued high prices maintained on Government bonds make the profit on circulation smaller than ever.

The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $9,693,875; loans, increase, $3,850,700; specie, increase, $319,400; legal tenders, decrease, $3,598,600; deposits, increase, $1,232,700; circulation, decrease, $194,900. The banks now hold $52,790,550 in excess of legal requirements.

LICENSE REFUSED.

The Company Did Not Have the Required Capital.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 13.—The Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company recently asked State Superintendent of Insurance Louis F. Payn for a license to transact business in this State. The New York law requires that a fire and marine insurance company shall have at least $300,000 capital. The Attorney General has written an opinion holding that the Virginia company is not entitled to be licensed to do business in this State, as it has not the required capital.

ALBANY, March 13.—Inquiry at the State Insurance Department respecting the Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Richmond, Va., elicited the information that since the charter of the company had been passed upon by the Attorney General, the company had filed with the department certified copies and affidavits fully explanatory of the charter, and showing that its capital stock was $350,000 fully paid in, being $50,000 more than is required under the insurance laws of this State.

W. Godfrey Hunter was selected by the Republican caucus for United States Senator from Kentucky on the first ballot.

AT ATHENS.

Dissatisfaction Exists at the Want of Preparation for Meeting the Present Crisis—Collision Inevitable If the Powers Enforce Coercion.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 13.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Athens says that a feeling of dissatisfaction exists because of the failure of the Government to make better provision for meeting the present crisis. That the King took the necessary steps for the increase of the army is admitted, but it is held that the War Office did not make proper preparation in respect of equipments. This feeling has not had the effect, however, of allaying the popular enthusiasm. The students of the university have issued a manifesto to the students throughout the world, asking their sympathy in the struggle with the Turks.

Advices from the frontier say that the officers have great difficulty in restraining the Greek soldiers, and it is believed that if the Powers enforce coercion a collision between the Greeks and the Turks is inevitable.

WARM WIRLETES.

Carlist agitation is spreading rapidly in the northern part of Spain. Armed bands of Carlists are being pursued by troops in the province of Leruel.

The budget committee of the Reichstag has rejected the Government's demand for an extra credit for the purpose of building two additional cruisers.

The family of Consul General Lee will return to the United States within two weeks. This is thought to be preparatory to a change in the consulship.

Expert burglars dynamited the safe in the postoffice at Gambria, Montgomery county Va., Friday night. A small amount of money and about one hundred dollars in stamps, and over twelve thousand dollars in notes and bonds belonging to private parties were stolen. There is no clue to the robberes.

It appears to have been definitely settled that the next papal consistory shall be held at the end of April. It was reported some time ago that it was regarded as probable that Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, would be elevated to the Cardinalate at the coming consistory, but the matter has now ceased to be dicussed.

The extra session of the Kentucky House of Representatives opened at 10 o'clock yesterday and the Senate convened at noon. The Blackburn men have sprung a new scheme to beat Hunter. On the first ballot the silver and sound money Democrats will vote for Gov. Bradley and so may a dozen Republicans.

AN ADVERTISING STORY.

The Lesson That Was Learned From the Newspaper Files.

A lawyer from the south, who was recently in Philadelphia, tells an advertising story that points a moral. It seems he had been intrusted with the commission of finding certain possible American heirs to the estate of an English decedent. "In making this inquiry," said the lawyer, "I found it necessary to examine the files of leading newspapers in Philadelphia and New York, covering quite a long period. It seemed an endless task, owing largely to the fact that I was continually getting interested in some article or advertisement that had no possible connection with the matter in hand. But that which especially engaged my attention while perusing those back numbers was the advertisements of certain business men and commercial houses that were constantly recurring throughout the files. When they first attracted my attention, they didn't occupy a great deal of space, but grew constantly larger as the dates of the files came nearer the present time, until they filled pages, and from first to last, whether solid or display matter, they told their story clearly and impressively about what the advertiser had to sell. In these well worded advertisements I seemed to be reading the history and viewing the prosperous growth of the houses that had inserted them. Being a stranger in both cities and not familiar with the places of business about which I had been reading so much in the newspaper files, I determined to gratify my curiosity by visiting some of them. This I did and found colossal buildings, great emporiums of trade, employing hundreds and in some instances thousands of men and women. From some members of these firms I would seek information regarding the history of his house, telling how I had followed its career through the advertisements I had read in the newspaper files, and without exception I was assured that the rapid growth and extension of the business were due more to judicious newspaper advertising than to any other single factor.

"One man who was conducting an immense business told me it was almost entirely the product of newspaper advertising. He stated that he commenced business with a capital of $10,000, of which amount he invested $2,500 in stock and $7,500 in advertising, and at the end of the first year had doubled his capital; that he continued to increase his advertising and the double process continued and finally quadrupled. He said his house was then well known and his business fully established, and he felt that he should be relieved of the expense of advertising, but other houses in his line had sprung up, competition was active, and he found he must continue advertising to hold the trade he had acquired."—Philadelphia Times.

Characteristic of the Man.

Many an act of kindness has been left undone because it carried with it a seeming loss of dignity. The following letter of a lady of Springfield, Ills., published in McClure's Magazine, shows the self forgetfulness and kindness of the great man we all delight to honor. The incident took place after Mr. Lincoln had been to congress. We might query how many representatives of 350,000 men would forget themselves enough to do the same thing.

"The very children," the lady writes, "knew him, for there was not one of them for whom he had not done some kind deed. My first impression of Mr. Lincoln was made by one of his kind deeds. I was going with a little friend for my first trip alone on the railroad cars. It was an epoch of my life. I had planned for it and dreamed of it for weeks.

"The day came, but as the hour of the train approached the hackman, through some neglect, failed to call for my trunk. As the minutes went on I realized, in a panic of grief, that I should miss the train. I was standing by the gate, my hat and gloves on, sobbing as if my heart would break, when Mr. Lincoln came by.

"'Why, what's the matter?' he asked. And I poured out all my story.

"'How big's the trunk? There's still time, if it isn't too big.' And he pushed through the gate and up to the door.

"My mother and I took him up to my room, where my little old fashioned trunk stood, locked and tied. 'Oh, no!' he cried. 'Wipe your eyes and come on quick.'

"And before I knew what he was going to do he had shouldered the trunk, was down stairs and striding out of the yard. Down the street he went as fast as his long legs could carry him, I trotting behind, drying my tears as I went. We reached the station in time. Mr. Lincoln put me on the train, kissed me goodby and told me to have a good time. It was just like him."

Resented.

"I suppose," said the man trying to be chummy, "it doesn't hurt your glass eye when you get anything in it?"

"Does it look as if it would ever be likely to have a pane in it?" responded the other frigidly.

And he gave him the glassy stare.—Indianapolis Journal.

NOT EXACTLY RIGHT is the way thousands of people feel. It is because their blood is poor. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, will promptly set them right.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taking for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale at public auction, one of the most valuable Houses in the city, in the best business locality, No. 3 South Second street, next to corner Second and Market. A two-story brick building, consisting of store and warehouse with rooms above, twenty feet front and seventy feet deep, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder without reserve, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, March 15th, at 11 o'clock a. m. Terms—Half cash, balance in one or three years. August H. Morris, Auctioneer. mar 7 4t 7 9 11 14

At N. Paul's, 204 Princess street, you can obtain the best of Candy, Fruit, etc., at the lowest price. Ice Cream Parlors open every night, and after June 1st open all night. Call Bell 'Phone 342 and your wants will be supplied. mar 14 1m

The Wilmington String Band, Prof. John Francisco manager, is now prepared to furnish music for all occasions. Can be found at No. 1, corner of Water and Market streets. mar 14 1t

Male Help Wanted—Men to prepare for the approaching Internal Revenue, Customs, Railway Mail and other examinations soon to be held in Wilmington. Full particulars as to dates, salaries, &c., free of National Correspondence Institute, Second National Bank Bldg., Washington, D. C. mar 14 1t*

Eyesight is priceless. Don't neglect it. Who need go without Spectacles of a fine quality at the low price I fit them? I have the finest of Lenses in any style of frames, gold, nickel, aluminum, etc. To those who purchase no charge for testing and fitting. I have best of references. Am located at 317 Princess street. Dr. Childs, Optician. Come and see me. mar 14 2t sun thr

Wanted—A reliable man with a few hundred dollars ready cash to invest in the best paying business of the age. Expenses small and profits large. A clean, honorable business and a winner. Address, Hustler, care of STAR office. mar 14 1t*

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St., Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

For Rent—Dwelling corner of Front and Grace streets. A good Piano for sale or rent. A platform and counter Scale and a good Safe for sale by I. T. Alderman, 318 North Front street. feb 20 1m

Wanted—Travelling salesman to sell most complete line of Lubricating Oils, specialties, etc., on the market. Salary or commission. Atlantic Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. mar 10 6t

For Sale—100 bushels pure norton yam slips. Apply to the undersigned at Phoenix. F. M. Moore. mar 10 6t*

L. K. Williams, 138 Market street, does first-class Laundry. Many people prefer Chinese laundry to any other. Try him. Shirts 10c, Collars 2c, Cuffs 2c. Satisfaction guaranteed. mar 10 tf

"The Old Soldier's Dream" is for sale at Book Stores and News Stands. Price 10 cents. Read it mar 10 D6t W1t

I manufacture my Candy and guarantee it to be pure. Choice Taffy at only 10 cents per pound. Oranges, Apples, Bananas and other Fruit at prices to please the public. Andrew Mavronichols, 705 North Fourth street. mar 7 tf

M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, makes a specialty of Beef Cattle, Mutton and Milk Cows. Consignments of country produce solicited. Seven years experience. Give me a trial. mar 6 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. tf1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Nuts

For the People to

Crack.

IF You can buy Ladies' Muslin Chemise, full size, nicely made for..... 25c
Why pay 30c elsewhere?

IF You can buy Muslin Drawers, tucked, full size, nicely made for..... 25c
Why pay the other fellow 30c?

IF You can buy Muslin Skirts, full width, ruffled, nicely made for..... 48c
Why pay 72c elsewhere?

IF You can buy Muslin Skirts, tucked and embroidery flounce and nicely made and full width for..... 75c
Why pay your friend $1,00?

IF You can buy Muslin Night Gowns, nicely made, full size, tucked and plaited yokes for..... 50c
Why pay some one else 75c?

IF You can buy fine Muslin Night Gowns, tucked and trimmed with embroidery, nicely made, full size..... 75c
Why pay others $1.00?

IF You can buy a good strong Corset for 39c
Why pay your friend 50c?

IF You can buy Tam O'Shant or Caps, trimmed with quill and buckle, also fine flannel braided for..... 25c
Why pay 40c elsewhere?

IF We can sell you the goods you want cheaper than elsewhere, don't pay your friends more but call and see us,

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

mar 14 tf 118 Market St.

This Week

AT THE "UNLUCKY CORNER"

Mackerel, Mackerel, Mackerel,

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

Roasted Rio Coffee,

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

Store full of first class Groceries and hustling clerks.

Three wagons running all day.

S. W. SANDERS.

mar 14 tf

Wilmington Stamp Works.

AUTOGRAPH STAMPS, AIR CUSHION Stamps, Self-inking Stamps, Linen Markers, Seal Presses, Seven-year Daters, and any other kind of Rubber Stamp goods. Manufactured by the WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS, 15 Princess street. Also, we do Job Printing in the latest style type at low prices, and we will please you. Bell 'Phone 250. mar 14 tf

NEW ARRIVALS AT A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to Brown & Roddick,

No. 29 North Front St.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT—New importation of French, English weaves, from 50c to $1 per yard. The newest weaves for Skirts. "Broken Checks" at 50c per yard.

BLACK GOODS—Storm Serges at 40 and 50c per yard. Plain and Fancy Mohairs, Serges, Nun's Cloth, Broadcloths and Pattern Suits.

WASH GOODS—French Organdies, India Linens, Piques, Dimities, French Nainsooks, Persian Lawn and new Percales.

SILK DEPARTMENT—Pongees, Indias, Japs, Taffetas, Surahs, Bengalines, Satin Duchess, Colored Taffetas for Waist. Black Brocades in India Silk, Gros Grain and Satins, from 50c to $1.50.

FIBERINE—One case of Fiberine for lining at 10c per yard.

KID GLOVES—The best and largest line ever carried in the city comprising all the new Spring shades.

CORSETS—R. & G., Warner's, Glove Fitting, C-B a la Sprite, Royal Worchester, French Woven, Her Majesty's, Ferris Waists, Nazareth Waists.

UNDERWEAR—For Gentlemen and Ladies. We make a specialty of Children's Underwear.

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT—CARPETS—Velvets, Body Brussels, Tapest. Brussels, in 5x10 wire; 3-ply All Wool Ingrains, 3-ply Extra Super Ingrains, Unions, Cotton Chains, Cocoa and Napier Mattings in ⅘ and 4-4 widths.

RUGS—Wilton Velvets, Nubias, "Westmoreland" and "Crown" Smyrnas in all sizes, and Danten Jutes.

ART SQUARES—In 3 ply extra super all wool and Danten Jutes.

MATTINGS—200 rolls China and Japanese Mattings just received.

TAPESTRY—Chenille, Damask, Tapestry, and "Bagdad" Portiers. Tapestry Table Covers all sizes.

WINDOW SHADES—All Linen Window Shades at prices that will astonish you.

TRUNKS, TRUNKS, TRUNKS—The best line of Trunks we have ever carried. We have the "Packers" too. Oil Cloths and Linoleums any width. Small Hardware for house furnishing.

NOTIONS—Upholsteries, Draperies, Fringes, Screens, Lace Curtains, Plushes, Felts, Velours, Gimps, Crettones, Demins, Curtain Muslins, "Pouri de Spree."

Mail Orders Given Special Attention.

feb 28 tf

STILL A COMIN'.

New Goods In Every Department.

Silk and Wool Novelty Dress Goods, the latest product of the mills. We have them in the newest designs from 25 to 59 cents

The "Broken Plaids" are just the thing, quite a line of them in 18, 25, 38 and 50 cents.

Our Black Goods Department is full of good things. Mohairs, plain and figured, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Dre' tetes and Serges of every kind.

Percales and Calicoes are especially pretty, the designs are strictly new, the prices too low. We cannot enumerate all the new goods that are arriving daily. Among them are Mattings, Rugs, Carpets, Hats, Shoes, Clothing, &c. Call and see them.

Car Fare Refunded on Purchases of $2.00 and upwards.

Look out for the Grand Shoe Display at our Store this week.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

mar 7 tf

OUR "COMFORT" HEATERS

—WITH—

CAST TOP AND BASE,

ARE THE BEST AND MOST

Lasting Stoves On The Market.

The proof of this is our large sales of these goods. Our line of COOKING STOVES are equal to any. We also have a fine assortment of OIL STOVES. Our prices are based on the quality of goods we handle.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jan 3 tf

The Surest Road to Fortune is Economy.

The way to learn economy is to commence saving, and the place